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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 196 BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 18, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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INDIA DISCUSSED BY ROOSEVELT & CHURCHILL?

Talks May Change Entire Map Of War?

OFFENSIVE AGAINST GERMANY PLANNED

Linking Up Of Anglo-American Naval Power

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, August 17.

It is forseen that swift and dramatic developments which may change the entire map of the war will follow the historic Roosevelt-Churchill meeting.

Now it could be revealed that American-built fighters in large numbers are being sent to Russia. That is not all. American aid in the battle of the Atlantic, increased American strength in the Pacific and the output of the British war industries will be devoted to the sole task of defeating the enemy on his own chosen battle ground.

ACTION AGAINST JAPAN

IT IS LEARNT FROM A RELIABLE SOURCE THAT "WHILE DETAILS MUST REMAIN A SECRET THE PRESENCE OF THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH CHIEFS OF THE STAFF AT THE PRESIDENT-PREMIER PARLEYS INDICATES THAT THE FOLLOWING ITEMS WERE ON THE AGENDA:—

NAVAL AND MILITARY ACTION AGAINST JAPAN IMMEDIATELY SUCH ACTION BECOMES NECESSARY;

PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN LINKING UP THE ANGLO-AMERICAN NAVAL POWER WITH LAND STRATEGY MADE POSSIBLE BY RUSSIA'S MAGNIFICENT RESISTANCE TO HITLER.

THESE PROBLEMS COVER (1) DEFENCE AGAINST NAZI INFILTRATION AT KEY POINTS—THAILAND, DAKAR AND CANARY ISLANDS AND NAZI INVASION OF EIRE; (2) OFFENSIVE ACTION AGAINST THE AXIS BY TIGHTENING THE BLOCKADE; (3) AND FULL EMPLOYMENT OF THE TERRIFIC TRADITIONAL STRIKING FORCE OF THE BRITISH NAVY ON THOUSANDS OF MILES OF THE ENEMY COASTLINE FROM PETSAMO TO BREST AND THROUGH GIBRALTAR TO CRETE.

THE FIRST STEP IN THIS DEVELOPMENT WILL BE THE EXTENSION OF THE AMERICAN NAVAL PATROL IN THE ATLANTIC".

QUESTION OF INDIA DISCUSSED?

The diplomatic correspondent of the "Reynolds' News" writes:—

"President Roosevelt and the Premier discussed the sub-division of efforts between America, Britain and Russia to yield a maximum output of weapons, and to make possible in the shortest time a successful land, air and sea offensive against the Nazi western front.

IT IS EVEN POSSIBLE THAT THERE WAS A FRANK EXCHANGE OF VIEWS ON SUCH QUESTIONS AS THE BRITISH POLICY IN INDIA ABOUT WHICH THE AMERICAN OPINION HAS ALWAYS BEEN SENSITIVE".

FIRST FRUITS OF PRESIDENT-PREMIER MEETING

LONDON, Aug. 17.

It is stated in Washington that the first concrete action arising from the Roosevelt-Churchill meeting may be a request to Congress for a new supplementary grant to the original Lease and Lend Act of 7,000 million dollars.—Reuter.

DENIAL OF HATCHING OF PLOT

TEHERAN, August 17.

The official newspaper "Iran" today (Sunday) categorically denies foreign reports that a number of Iranians with "certain foreign agents" are hatching a plot against the regime.—Reuter.

LITVINOV EXPOSES HITLER'S 'CO-OPERATION'

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Aug. 17.

"War is indivisible" is the maxim of the new slogan of M. Litvinov who, as the Soviet's Foreign Minister, fought tenaciously for the League of Nations under the slogan "peace is indivisible".

In a message to the "Reynolds" News', M. Litvinov says: "Hitler needs not only a totalitarian but a universal war. Striving for domination over the whole world he has already transformed nearly all Europe and parts of Asia and Africa into a huge battlefield, covered with millions of corpses and heaps of ruins; but he will not be content until he has dragged into the bloody war for his interests those few countries which remain outside.

'CO-OPERATION' EXPOSED!

"In a false hypocritical language Hitler calls this "co-operation"—but it is a typical example of co-operation between a horse and its rider. Hitler has covered greater part of Europe into an enormous prison in which not only the prisoners are deprived of all freedom and independence but also those appointed over them as gaolers—all quislings, degrells, not excluding the temporary gauleiter of Italy, Mussolini.

The people of the Soviet Union are inspired by the consciousness that in the heroic and Titanic struggle they are carrying on against the blood-thirsty Nazi hordes are centred the aspirations hopes and expectations of all peoples of Europe: those

(Continued on Page 5.)

TRIUMPH OF NON-VIOLENCE

Mahatma On Churchill-Roosevelt Declaration

WARDHA, Aug. 17.

"I SHALL BE MORE THAN PLEASED TO SEND MY HEARTFELT CONGRATULATIONS IMMEDIATELY TO THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN ON THEIR RESORT TO DISARMAMENT, AND CALL IT A TRIUMPH OF NON-VIOLENCE."

This was how Gandhiji replied when asked by the "United Press" representative to give his opinion on the clause in the Churchill-Roosevelt Declaration relating to the abandonment of force, and disarmament.—United Press.

MADRID DENIAL

No German Troops Passing Through Spain

MADRID, August 16.

A statement affirming that all reports in the foreign press of German troops passing through Spain are "fables" was issued here to-day by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.—Reuter.

GERMANS IN IRAN

Another Anglo-Soviet Demarche

LONDON, August 17.

The British and Soviet representatives have made a new demarche to Iran, it is learned in authoritative quarters in London where it is stated that the British and Soviet representatives at Teheran have again drawn the attention of the Iranian Government to the concern felt by their two Governments in regard to the excessively large number of Germans in Iran.

It is feared that the Iranian Government have not appreciated the urgency of the problem and Sir R. Bullard and the Soviet Ambassador have repeated their recommendation that effective measures should be taken at a very early date if the potential menace arising from the activity of these Germans is to be removed.—Reuter.

ANGLO-SOVIET TRADE AGREEMENT SIGNED

MOSCOW, August 17.

An Anglo-Soviet trade agreement has been signed.—Reuter.

Poet's 'Shraddha' In Vicinity Of Maharshi's Seat

RATINDRANATH OFFERS PRAYER IN STYLE OF MARCUS AURELIUS

SANTINIKETAN, Aug. 17.

In the neighbourhood of the two 'chhatim trees' in the grounds of Santiniketan, near the Maharshi's (Devandranath's) customary seat of meditation, was held early this morning a simple yet solemn ceremony—the "Sraddh" of Rabindranath Tagore—in accordance with the poet's wishes. And the inmates of Santiniketan and Sriniketan paid their homage to the memory of their revered "Gurudev."

Mahamhopadhyaya Pandit Vidhusekhara Sastri and Pandit Kshiti Mohan Sen, who acted as the priests on the occasion, accompanied Mr. Rathindranath Tagore, the poet's son, followed by Mr. Subir Tagore and a large number of students, in white robes and carrying flower-offerings, as he walked from the Mandir to the place of ceremony.

'CAST LOOSE THE MOORINGS'

The ceremony opened with a song, which the Poet had particularly desired should be sung on the occasion.

The following is an English rendering of the song:—

O Pilot of my life,
Cast loose the moorings
Of this frail vessel,
For before me
Lies the vast ocean of peace.
Comrade of mine for ever,
Take me and hold me close.
The lode-star will shed
Its steadfast glow
On the never-ending path to eternity.

O Saviour,
Your mercy and forgiveness
Are the inexhaustible wealth
On which I draw
For this my last journey.

May the bonds of mortality melt away,
May the vast Universe take me in its arms,

And may it be given me
Fearlessly to stand face to face
Before the Great Unknown.

IN STRAIN OF MARCUS AURELIUS

Then followed prayers by Pandit Kshiti Mohon Sen and a Vedic hymn. Thereafter Rathindranath Tagore read out a short prayer of which the following is the English rendering:—

"Oh God it is now ten days since our revered father has been called to his heavenly rest. When it was no longer possible for us to

(Continued on page 5)

SUBSIDIARY TO PANAMA

Mexican Railway To Keep Up In Case Of War Two-Ocean Communications

MEXICO CITY, August 17.

The Mexican Government is proceeding with the immediate construction of a railway across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec from Coatzacoalcos in the north to Salina Cruz in the south.

This step has been prompted by the possibility that America might become involved in war and that the Panama Canal might prove an insufficient means of communication between the two oceans. The railway will be intended to guarantee transit of trans-ocean traffic with daily trains across the Isthmus.—Reuter.

MEXICAN PLEA FOR RAPPROCHEMENT

MEXICO CITY, August 17.

The restoration of diplomatic relations between Britain and Mexico is urged in a resolution passed by the majority group in the Mexican Senate.

The statement says: "At this grave moment of collapse of human values of civilisation the restoration of diplomatic relations between Mexico and Britain would be a logical step between two countries, which cherish the ideals of democracy and would constitute an effective reinforcement of the line of defence of these ideals.

WHEN THEY BROKE OFF.

LONDON:—As regards the Mexican Senate resolution it is recalled that diplomatic relations between Mexico and Britain were suspended in May 1938, following the dispute over the expropriation by the Mexican Government of British-owned oil fields in Mexico.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT REVEALS TALKS WITH CHURCHILL

No Lease & Lend Aid For Russia As It Can Be Paid For

Hitler Preparing For Winter Campaign!—Ordering Out 400,000 Skis!!

ROCKLAND, August 16.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AT A PRESS CONFERENCE ON THE "POTOMAC" SAID THAT HE AND Mr. CHURCHILL HAD COME TO COMPLETE AGREEMENT ON ALL ASPECTS OF THE WAR SITUATION

HE DID NOT THINK THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS ANY CLOSER TOWARDS ENTERING THE CONFLICT AS THE RESULT OF THE CONFERENCE. HE SAID THE NEXT STEP WOULD ONLY BE FURTHER INTERCHANGE OF IDEAS.

President Roosevelt said that Russia will not be given war materials on Lease and Lend basis because she was able to pay for war equipment. He was confident that Russian resistance would continue through the winter. He said that Mr. Churchill was not visiting the United States nor did he (Roosevelt) intend to go to Britain for a while.—Reuter.

PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION

ROCKLAND, August 17.

Hundreds of spectators gathered on the waterfront of the old seaport of Rockland to welcome President Roosevelt on arrival this afternoon.

Streets of the President's route from the waterfront to the special train were beflagged and a great crowd of reporters, cameramen and radiomen had assembled early.

Colonel Starling, Chief of the Whitehouse Secret Service contingent and a large number of Secret Service police were in evidence in Rockland some hours prior to the President's arrival and municipal police and State troopers were allocated, the duty of guarding the President's route.

Press Conference

President Roosevelt's Yacht "Potomac" docked shortly after 3 p.m. local time. As soon as the yacht was moored, it was announced that a press conference would begin aboard the "Potomac" immediately. Mr. Hopkins, the Lease and Lend expediter sat in a corner of the wardroom where the conference was held.

In the course of the conference, President Roosevelt described his meeting with Mr. Churchill as eminently successful.

President Roosevelt stated that he and Mr. Churchill were in complete agreement on all aspects of the war situation and that the next step would only be a further interchange of ideas. The President gave no indication of any action that might be taken to implement the statement of policies enunciated by Mr. Churchill and himself but he did not think that the United States were any closer to entering the conflict as the result of the conference.

President Roosevelt declined to reveal where on the high seas, the Conference took place or how long it lasted. The reasons for the silence President Roosevelt said, were obvious, and he added that he personally had objected to a prior announcement of his landing at Rockland. President Roosevelt remarked that it had been foggy. However, and if any submarines had fired torpedoes they might not have been sighted.

WHEN IT ORIGINATED

President Roosevelt said that the idea of meeting the British Prime Minister originated in February and was a joint idea.

Need For Exchange Of Views

The campaigns in Greece and Crete delayed it for about three months. President Roosevelt said that he thought that one thing had been overlooked in his joint statement with Mr. Churchill and also in the comment thereon, and that was the need for the exchange of views on what was happening all over the world under the Nazi regime. The more that this is discussed and looked into, said President Roosevelt, more and more terrible the thought becomes of having those influences at work in occupied or affiliated nations. The thing needs be brought home more and more to the democracies.

French Situation

President Roosevelt said that he was not sufficiently familiar with the French situation to comment there but disclosed that he would discuss it and also the conditions in the Far East with Mr. Cordell Hull soon after he returned to Washington to-morrow.

President Roosevelt referred to a remarkable Church Service held on August 10 on the quarterdeck of the battleship "the "Prince of Wales." Everyone present felt it had been one of the great historic services. It was conducted by one British and one American chaplain.

Aid For Russia

Regarding aid for Russia, President Roosevelt said there had been discussion of fifteen Russian needs to an already existing Programme. Russia would not be given lease and lend aid because she could pay for war equipment. President Roosevelt was confident that Russian resistance would continue throughout winter. He added that Russia needs immediate available material for the next summer's campaign. There was also need for other things which could arrive by the time the Spring campaign opened.

President Roosevelt gave the names of representatives of the three fighting services who had accompanied him and they had held individual and group conferences with corresponding representatives of Britain.

The President agreed that he and Mr. Churchill conferred for more than one day and said that there had been interchange of views relating to the present and future and the swapping of information which was markedly successful.

Roosevelt also said that not a single section of a single continent went undiscussed during the conference at sea one of which was on board the "Prince of Wales" and the remainder on board the United States warship "Augusta."

WHERE IS CHURCHILL?

President Roosevelt declined to disclose the whereabouts of Mr. Churchill but said that Mr. Churchill would not visit the United States as far as he knew, nor did the President intend to visit Britain for a while.

During the conference, President Roosevelt was looking radiantly healthy, sat completely at ease smoking a cigarette and had a friendly greeting flashing smile for each newspaperman as he entered the Conference room.

President Roosevelt left by train for Washington.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT RETURNS TO WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, August 17.

President Roosevelt returned to Washington, and immediately summoned Mr. Cordell Hull for conference.

Greek Endorsement Of Anglo-American 'Points'

NEW YORK, August 17.

The Greek Consul-General made public a cable which the Greek Prime Minister M. Tsouderos has sent to President Roosevelt from Capetown in which he endorses the Churchill-Roosevelt Declaration, adding "we are all still fighting for an ideal whose purpose is to crush the methods of violence and brute force practised by aggressors and to liberate the people of the world, no less by those who are new enemies than those who our friends."—Reuter.

NEW STAGE IN ANGLO-AMERICAN COLLABORATION.

MOSCOW, August 17.

"It is possible to say without exaggeration that a new stage begins in the development of collaboration between the three Great Powers", says the "Pravda", the organ of the Communist Party, in a long editorial on the Churchill-Roosevelt message to M. Stalin, which it describes as a document of great importance in international politics.

The Soviet people, says the "Pravda", received with satisfaction the information that the United States and Great Britain are ready to render large scale assistance to the Soviet union and are already beginning to do so, many laden ships having already left English and American ports. "The ranks of fighters for the liberation of mankind from Hitler's menace are drawing closer and closer together, encircling the Nazi robber's nest with an iron ring of the huge armed forces of the greatest Powers of the world and their Allies," adds the "Pravda", concluding "victory will be won by the joint efforts of the freedom-loving nations .The enemy will be defeated. Victory will be ours".—Reuter.

PREPARING FOR WINTER CAMPAIGN

LONDON.—President Roosevelt's confidence that Russian resistance will continue throughout the winter is borne out by a Stockholm report that the Germans have ordered 400,000 skis for their eastern army.

STOP PRESS

Another 'Lease And Lend' Bill?

WASHINGTON, August 17.

It is understood that President Roosevelt discussed with Mr. Cordell Hull at White House the international situation particularly as regards French ties with Germany and the Far East crisis. To-morrow (Monday) Congressional leaders will meet President Roosevelt, probably to discuss another Lease and Lend appropriation of upwards of 10,000 million dollars.—Reuter.

IRISH CABINET

DUBLIN, Aug. 17.

Some slight changes in the Irish Cabinet are announced to-night.—Reuter.

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Wanted suitable match for a beautiful Hindoo Brahmin M.B.B.S. Lady doctor, aged about 28 years. No caste restriction. Apply Box No. 14939 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an accomplished and beautiful bride of any caste to marry a Government Servant with annual income of Rs. 8000. Apply to Box No. 14934, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Unemployed of either sex to work on monthly remuneration up to Rs. 550/-. Write detailed academic social and other qualifications to:—Anshumati Ashram (Regd.) (Home for the Unemployed) Chitwapur, Lucknow. (14930)

Wanted: Candidates For Station Master and Signaller's course: scholarship Rs. 30 and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps to The Director All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14756)

Wanted—200 Candidates for Station Master's training. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 35/- Apply with -/1/6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, 16, Daryaganj, Delhi. (14931)

Wanted Applications from experienced and influential gentlemen for Depot Manager's post on salary of Rs. 125-15-200 plus fair allowance, rent etc. Liberal stocks supplied—Sole Agency and Canvassing agency applications are also invited. The Bluehills Tea Company, Post Box No. 69, Mettupalaiyam, Nilgiris. (14942)

Wanted—For a Mill in the Punjab 3 Ring Frame Fitters @ Rs. 4/- per day. 3 Fly Frame Fitters @ Rs. 5/- per day. 3 Card Fitters @ Rs. 5/- per day, for erection work Third class fare back and forth from the candidate's place of residence will be paid at the time of termination of work. Quarters will be provided free. Only really first class and hardworking men need apply to No. 5858 "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A Parsi lady desires to serve as companion to children. Please write Box No. 14927 "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices

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UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

ON ACCOUNT of the Annual Convocation Ceremony the UNIVERSITY GARDENS will be CLOSED to the general public after 2 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 19th August, 1941. Only Fellows of the University, students taking their degrees and visitors holding passes for admission to the Convocation Hall will be admitted.

By order of the Vice-Chancellor,
S. R. DONGERKERY.
University Registrar.
Bombay, 18th August, 1941. (5840)

WANTED.

THE following posts are to be filled up in the Labour Welfare Department at Ahmedabad:—

1. LADY WELFARE WORKER. PAY RS. 75 P.M A Gujarati knowing graduate. capable of Social Work among working class people. One having practical experience of Social work will be given preference.
2. A WELFARE SUPERINTENDENT. PAY RS. 50 P.M A Gujarati knowing graduate or under-graduate, who can impart physical training and organize Indian Games A graduate of Training Institute of Physical Education. Kandivali, preferred

Application stating age, qualifications and experience should reach on or before 25th August, 1941 Apply to:—
HONORARY COMMISSIONER.
For Amenities to Industrial Labour.
Shanti Sadan, Mirzapur Road, AHMEDABAD. 5813

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all concerned that the Power of Attorney given by the undersigned as the Managing Director of the Central Provinces Syndicate. Limited, a Joint Stock Company having its Registered Office at Nagpur to Mr. Kaikhushroo Phirozshaw Ghiara (also known as K. P. Ghiara) has this day been CANCELLED and all are informed that Mr. Ghiara is no longer authorised to act as the constituted attorney of the said Central Provinces Syndicate Limited.

M. B. DADABHOY.
Managing Director
Central Provinces Syndicate. Limited.
Bombay, 12th August, 1941. (5815)

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327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Chief Agents separately for (1) Bombay Presidency and (2) Central India for the Hindu Insurance Co. Ltd. Chamberlain Road, Lahore, which has the following outstanding characteristics:—(1) Huge paid up Capital of over 3 1/2 Lacs. (2) A large Reserve to start business with. (3) Security of 2 Lacs required by Insurance Act deposited in full with Government before commencing business. (4) Housed in its own spacious buildings. (5) Very low premiums and novel schemes. Apply to The Secretary. (5860)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted a Gentleman of any community, willing to take advantage of an Hindu expert in Shares and Cotton, etc., with guaranteed knowledge in Astrology with testimonials. Apply Box No. 14943 "Bombay Chronicle."

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For sale one 7 ft. dia. self supporting M. S. Chimney 165 ft. high in excellent condition. For further particulars write to Box No. 14933, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

TENDER NOTICE

The Controller of Purchase, Indian Stores Department, Ahmedabad House, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of cast iron spigot and socket pipes of sizes.

Tender form No. MP|BN. 4017 may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 3- per set. Due date of submission and opening of tender by 12 noon on the 1st September, 1941 and 2nd September, 1941 respectively. (5853)

NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE, Indian Stores Department Bombay, invites tender for the supply of M. S. Squares, rounds, and channels, tested.

Tender No. MP|BH. 6301 can be obtained from him on payment of Rs. 5|- per set. Tenders due for submission and opening at 12 noon on the 1st September, 1941 and 2nd September, 1941 respectively. (5854)

IRON & STEEL CONTROL OF DISTRIBUTION 1941.

NOTICE

A CONFERENCE of Merchants interested in the Iron and Steel and Hardware in India had been convened to take place in Bombay on the 24th and 25th August, 1941. The conference will discuss the difficulties arising out of the order in so far as it affects the normal civil trade. The final programme, time and place will be notified in the Press. Intending delegates should communicate to Mr. H. R. Mehta, Hon. Secretary, The Bombay Iron Merchants' Association, 247, Argyle Road, Carnac Bunder, Bombay.

A. A. JASDENVALA,
President.
Bombay Iron Merchants' Association.
Bombay, August 16th, 1941. (5861)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male candidates to fill the post of the Director of Fisheries, Bengal, in the Bengal General Service. Pay 650-1,100. Age—not more than 45. Qualifications,—(a) Science degree in Zoology, having practical experience of fisheries work, more particularly of fresh water, estuarine and foreshore fisheries, (b) ability to organise both the economic and scientific aspects of the fishery industry; (c) practical experience in modern methods of curing and marketing fish and (d) ability to develop and exploit fish resources in tropical waters. Preference will be given to candidates having administrative experience of a Fisheries Department. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 15th September, 1941. (5855)

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NEW EMPIRE To-day 2 Shows Only 3-30 & 10 p.m.

RAILWAY WORKERS ON STRIKE

Police Pickets For Ajmer Workshop

AJMER, August 17.

About 6,000 workers of the locomotive and carriage workshop of the B. B. and C. I. Railway are stated to be involved in the strike which commenced on Friday last on the score of wage increment and dearness allowance.

The workers at a meeting yesterday decided to continue the strike.

Police pickets have been posted in the affected locality. Hitherto four arrests have been made.—A. P.

Morazha Case Judgment

20 OUT OF 31 ACCUSED ACQUITTED, BUT RE-ARRESTED

2 Get 7 Years' R. I. And 9 From 3 To 6 Years

CALICUT, August 16.

Judgment was delivered to-day by the Sessions Judge, North Malabar, in what is known as the Morazha Case, arising out of the Rioting at Morazha, following the observance of the protest day on the 15th September last, resulting in the death of two police officers and injuries to several others.

The Judge acquitted 20 out of 31 persons who stood charged with various offences in connection with the rioting.

K. P. R. Gopalan Nambiar and Raghavan Nambiar were sentenced on the aggregate to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each. The others were sentenced to varying terms of rigorous imprisonment, ranging from three years to six years.

All the 20 acquitted persons who were released were, later re-arrested to-day by the police under the Defence of India Rules and will be kept under detention.—A. P.

FREE INDEPENDENT GOVT. FOR BURMA?

Demand For Clarification Of Anglo-U. S. Declaration

RANGOON, August 17.

The Opposition members of the Burma Legislature have cabled to the Secretary of State for Burma, London, congratulating Mr. Winston Churchill, Prime Minister of Britain, and President Roosevelt on their joint declaration on common principles in national policies of their respective countries.

The members add that the people of Burma request Mr. Churchill to make it clear and make an early declaration that Burma will have the right to constitute a free independent government in accordance with Clause III of their declaration soon after the present war is brought to a victorious end.

A copy of the cable message has been forwarded to the Governor of Burma, who has also been asked to take decision about the General Election due this year.—United Press.

Bihar Students' Conference

PATNA, August 17.

The Bihar Provincial Annual Students Conference commences here its two-day session from August 23.

The cultural section of the conference which will be held on the morning of August 23, will be inaugurated by Dr. Sir S. Radhakrishnan and will be presided over by Mr. P. R. Das, Bar-at-Law. A prize has been announced by the organisers of the Conference to the best students writer of a thousand word essay on "Tagore and Indian culture".—A. P.

Gang Open Fire On Sentries

PESHAWAR, August 16.

A raid on the Gurguri police station in Kohat District was made last night by a gang who opened fire on sentries. The police retaliated. There was no casualty on the police side. The hostile losses are unknown. A general combout of the area was being carried out today.—A. P.

Water Storage Scheme At Nizam Sagar

HYDERAGAD (Dn.), August 17.

With a view to stimulating industrial expansion in the Dominions by supplying cheap power and meet ever-growing consumption the Nizam's Government have sanctioned a scheme involving an estimated cost of Rs. 50 lakhs for water storage at the Nizam Sagar, the biggest dam in the Dominions.—United Press.

BRITISH INDIAN SUBJECTS IN ITALY

Safe In Detention & Concentration Camps

KARACHI, August 17.

The United States Embassy in Rome has been informed that the following British Indian subjects in Italy are safe in Italian concentration camps and detention points and at liberty, says a British Foreign Office communication to the India Office, London, the text of which has been received by the District Magistrate of Hyderabad (Sind):

Mayer Banin Mahalla, Dadabhoy Dubash, Muhammed S. Mali, Bikramjit Kapoor, Miss Veronica Cardoza, Katherine De'Silva, Miss Christiene Fernandez, Miss Celestine Lewis, Miss Alice Victoria Lewis, Miss Celestine Rodrigues, Hassoomal Khaitani, Hotchand Khaitani, Tikamdas Khaitan, Gianchand Lokwani, Jhangimal Phabalani, Himatmal Phabiani, Chugani Mathumal and Fatechand Phabiani.

These names relate to the Consular Districts of Rome and Trieste and the United States Embassy has been informed that the lists of British subjects in the remaining Consular Districts will be forwarded when the data are completed.

It is learned recently through the United States Embassy, adds the British Foreign Office communication, that with a view simplifying the supervision, the Italian Government have decided to intern all enemy aliens and concentrate those at Detention Points in Camps. The United States Embassy was requested to address an emphatic protest to the Italian Government in view of the great leniency shown to Italian residents in the British territory. It is not known that if the new decision has been put into effect by the Italian Government. Detention points are in a remote place often in mountains where more liberty of movement is allowed than in Concentration Camps.—United Press.

STAGE SET FOR A.-I. HARIJAN CONFERENCE

Gandhiji, Malaviya & Savarkar Among Invitees

GARH MUKTESHAR (U.P.) August 17.

Preparations for the All-India Harijan Conference to be held at Garh Mukteshar on the occasion of the Garh ki Ganga fair, have begun in right earnest. Mr. Shiva Rao M.L.A. (Central) will preside over the conference.

Many leaders are being invited to attend the conference, prominent among them being Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Mr. V. D. Savarkar, Dr. Shyama Prosad Mukherji, Bhai Parmanand, Dr. Gokulchand Narang, Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah and others.

The main object of the conference is to bring unity among all ranks of the Harijans and gather them in one fold.

A large number of Harijans who were converted to Christianity will be re-converted to Hinduism on the occasion.—United Press.

DEWAN THREATENS POSTPONEMENT OF ELECTIONS

Political Meetings & Sir "C. P.'s" Fears

TRIVANDRUM, Aug. 16.

"The Government have already taken steps to extend the life of the present Houses of Travancore Legislature until June 20, 1942, and it is too early now to come to any definite conclusion regarding the General elections after that—said the Dewan-President of the Sri Chitra State Council Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer this morning with reference to an adjournment motion seeking to discuss "the situation caused by various and contradictory rumours regarding the extension of the life of the Legislature."

The Dewan-President added that the Government were watching carefully how far political meetings could be conducted in peace under the present circumstances.

If they found that such meetings could not be conducted Government would have no alternative but to postpone elections but he hoped that such a contingency would be avoided.

Notice of the adjournment motion was withdrawn.—A. P.

Orissa Govt. Grants Dearness Allowance

CUTTACK, August 17.

The Government of Orissa have decided to grant with effect from August 1, a grain compensation allowance of one rupee per month to Government servants drawing emoluments of Rs. 30 or less a month.—A. P.

SIMLA, August 17.—A memorial service to the late Marquis of Willingdon, was held this morning at Christ Church, Simla.—A. P.

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BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 11, 1997
Muslim: Rajab 24, 1360
Parsi: Aspandarmad 18, 310
Sunrise: 6h. 20m.
Sunset: 7h. 5m.
Hightide: 9-22; 20-23
Lowtide: 2-6; 15-12

TRAINING COLLEGIANS FOR LITERACY WORK.—The third training class for the College students who have shown their willingness to work as teachers in the adult literacy classes will be held from to-day (Monday) to 2nd September, 1941, in the Municipal Central School, Byculla, (Delisle Road, near Byculla Railway Station), Dr. R. K. Shirodkar, the Chairman of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee, will give the inaugural address at 6-30 p.m. on the first day.

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Klim is rich milk solids, the important food elements that help baby grow strong and healthy.

Ask your doctor about Klim for your baby.

KLIM POWDERED WHOLE MILK

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AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Irene" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Western Union" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Gone With The Wind" Daily at 3 and 8-15 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Neutral Port" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Rebecca" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
SUPER—"Bambalwali" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Sister" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
ROXY—"Naya Sansar" Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Charano-ki-Dasi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
IMPERIAL—"Holiday In Bombay" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
CENTRAL—"Amrit" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Thoratanchi Kamla" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela" Daily at 4-30 7-15 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardesi" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY WAR PUBLICITY COMMITTEE.

Loud Speaker Programme for to-day Monday.

MARATHI: 8-00 a.m Recorded Music. 8-05 a.m. News Bulletin. 8-20 Recorded Music. 8-25 a.m. "Churchill-Roosevelt Declaration"—Talk. 8-30 a.m. Recorded Music. 8-35 a.m. "R.A.F. Gaining more strength"—A Talk. 5-30 p.m. Recorded Music. 5-35 p.m. Week of War.—A Talk. 5-40 p.m. Recorded Music. 5-45 p.m. News Bulletin. 6-00 p.m Recorded Music. 6-05 p.m. "Eastern Front"—A Talk

GUJERATI: 10-00 a.m. Recorded Music. 10-05 a.m. "Churchill-Roosevelt Declaration"—Talk. 10-20 a.m. Recorded Music. 10-25 a.m. News Bulletin. 10-40 a.m. Recorded Music 10-45 a.m. "R.A.F. Gaining more strength"- Talk. 4-00 p.m Recorded Music. 4-05 p.m. "Week of War"—A Talk. 4-10 p.m. Recorded Music. 4-15 p.m News Bulletin. 4-30 p.m Recorded Music. 4-35 p.m. "Eastern Front"—A Talk.

HINDUSTANI: 1-00 p.m. Recorded Music. 1-05 p.m News Bulletin. 1-20 p.m. Recorded Music. 1-25 p.m. "Churchill-Roosevelt Declaration"—Talk 6-30 p.m. Recorded Music. 6-35 p.m. "R.A.F. Gaining more strength"—Talk. 6-40 p.m. Recorded Music. 6-45 p.m. "News Bulletin"—A Talk. 7-00 p.m. Recorded Music. 7-05 p.m. "Week of War"—A Talk. 7-15 p.m Recorded Music 7-20 p.m. "Eastern Front."—A Talk.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP.—Members and their guests are invited to a meeting of the Group at Green's to-morrow (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. when Lady Rama Rau, the Hon Mr. Justice S. N. Sen, and the Hon. Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla will pay tributes to the late Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.

A. R. P. & CONGRESS MUNICIPAL PARTY

Mr. K. F Nariman, M.L.A., has issued the following statement:—

H. E. the Governor's speech on A. R. P., will raise some naughty problems for local Congressmen to decide. The speech has rightly made a distinction between what are known as direct or indirect war efforts, i.e., activities that help the prosecution of the war, and A. R. P., which is described as 'passive defence' measures for self-protection, security and alleviation of pain and misery. Whilst we may presume that, under the present 'non-participation in war policy, Congressmen cannot contribute to the war efforts, but should that policy be stretched to absurd, harmful and mischievous length, of abstention or even opposition to A. R. P., or self-protective measure!

The Governor's speech has enumerated some of the essential A. R. P., measures, such as protection from effects of air-attacks, prevention of spread of fire, rescue from exploding bombs, medical and first-aid to injured, aid to women, children, aged and infirm, protection of homes, essential services and vital industries.

The question is not merely of academic interest; the Congress is still a majority Party in the Municipal Corporation, and with the war nearing the Indian Frontiers, such dreadful experiences are quite within the range of possibility

PROTECTION FOR WATER SUPPLY

What should or would be the attitude of the Congress Party towards such purely protective, precautionary and humanitarian measures?

By a curious coincidence, shortly before this speech was delivered, this question has cropped up before the Corporation. There are resolutions, calling upon authorities to take steps to protect the water supply in the city from possible damage by air-attack.

It will be admitted that it is the most essential service, and it is most exposed, as miles of steel pipe-lines carrying water to the city, are laid on the surface and are unprotected. Still, it is suggested and contended in Congress circles that it would be a violation of 'Sevegram fiat' for Congress Municipal Party, even to support such an essential measure, and it would be part of its civic duty towards citizens to oppose it; so that if a Congressmen sees even his own house on fire, due to air-attack, he must not pour a bucket of water to extinguish that fire; he cannot give a helping hand to injured or helpless, if the injury is due to enemy action, no first-aid, medical aid, no shelter, no protection, no precaution.

"It is not for him to reason why? It is for him to 'nod' and die".

That would be an exhibition of an 'ideal' sense of civic duty, civic sense and civic responsibility. The 'City Fathers' have secured popular votes, by making tall promises to serve the best interests of the City, still at the most critical and menacing juncture, in blind obedience to 'Guruji's' dictat, they are not only abdicating the post, but would even obstruct and hamper measures for the protection and safety of citizens. In order to spite British Imperialism, Congress must not only cut its own nose, but also throttle country's and nation's throats

But what is still more aggravating is the fact that whilst humanitarian and beneficial activities are 'tabooed' under the name of discipline and policy, on the other hand, top Congress leaders are permitted to perform opening ceremonies of Vizag dock-yard and harbour which are certainly more direct contribution to war efforts, than innocent and beneficial A. R. P., measures. 'Satyagrahi' prisoners, as businessmen outside, are interested in war-supply-contracts, and some 'genuine' Congressmen exploit war situation and make enormous profits. All these glaring breaches and lapses are not visible to the 'coloured glasses' of Sevegram, but its ever vigilant eye is quick to detect and punish the 'serious crime' of helping suffering humanity and protecting citizens from dire War calamities.

There is yet some hope of redemption, as the Congress Municipal Party has often exercised its independent and sound common-sense and has not entirely mortgaged its judgment to any outside spiritual agency.

"Vox Populi" which is the real master, should insist that Bombay Congress Municipal Party, consisting of elected representatives of Citizens of Bombay, should, in accordance to the true principles of Parliamentary Democracy, take its mandate and direction from its local masters, the general electorate.

ANEY CONGRATULATED

'Hindu League' Becomes 'National League Of Hindustan'

LUCKNOW, Aug. 17.

The Working Committee of the All-India Hindu League began its two-day session to-day under the presidentship of Sir J. P Srivastava, Vice-President of the League.

A number of resolutions were passed condoling the deaths of Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore, Sir C. Y Chintamani and congratulating Mr. M. S Aney, President of the League, on his appointment as a member of the Viceroy's Executive Council and accepting his resignation from the presidentship of the League.

The Working Committee also expressed satisfaction at the response to their appeal to observe Anti-Pakistan Day on April 27 received throughout the country.

The Committee after discussion adopted the recommendations of the Constitution Sub-Committee, according to which the League shall be called "The National League of Hindustan."—A. P.

DURGA PUJA.—At a general meeting of the Bengali residents of Bombay, held at the residence of Dr. A. C Das, the following Executive Committee was elected to celebrate Sree Durga Puja for 1941 as usual in Hindusthan Compound at Sleater Road, Bombay: President: Dr. A. C Das; Vice-Presidents:— Messrs. S. C. Mazumdar, Surhid C. Chowdhury, G. C. Mitter, Nilmani Sikdar, Rai Saheb, Jugolkishore Khan, Dr. D. C. Chatterjee, Dr. B. K. Banerjee and Mr. B. N Banerjee; Treasurer:—Mr. T. Chatterjee, General Secretary:—Mr Ashu Tosh Bej; Asst. General Secretary:—Mr S. N. Ganguly; Joint-Secretaries:—Messrs S. C. Dey, N. K. Sen, Umpada Chatterjee, Kartick Ch. Das, M. L. Das, S. K. Banerjee, S. L. Vaitra, Binode C. Charkrabarty, Satya Ranjan Naha and Tarak Sen

CHEMBUR RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION.—The first meeting of the newly elected members of the Managing Committee of the above Association was held on Tuesday last when Mr. A. Soares, was in the chair. The following members were co-opted to the Managing Committee:—Messrs V. N. Puran, T. D'Souza and R. Alva. Mr. L. D. Sule and Mr. V A. Karambelkar were appointed Secretary and Treasurer respectively.

DIFFICULTIES OF IRON AND STEEL TRADE

BOMBAY, Aug. 17.

"The object of the All-India Conference of Merchants dealing in iron and steel called by my Association on August 24, 25 is to elicit information as to the difficulties experienced by the trade by the enactment of the Iron and Steel (Control of Distribution) order of 1941, and to bring to the notice of the Government of India the same with a view to evolving a scheme, whereunder these difficulties could be overcome without in the least interfering with the object of the order". Thus said Mr. A. A. Jasdenvalla, President of the Bombay Iron Merchants Association in a statement clearing certain doubts regarding the purpose of the proposed conference.—A. P.

Government House News

BOMBAY SUNDAY.

His Excellency the Viceroy attended the Memorial Service for the late, the Most Hon. the Marquess of Willingdon at St. Thomas' Cathedral.

His Excellency the Viceroy granted an interview to the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin.

The Governor of Bombay attended the Memorial Service for the late, the Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Willingdon at St. Thomas' Cathedral.

GANESHKHIND, Aug. 17.

Lady Lumley Accompanied by Miss Lumley attended a memorial service for the late Lord Willingdon at St Mary's Church, Poona.

A Plea For Cheap Sugar

NEW DELHI, Aug. 17

A plea for cheap sugar was made by Mr. R. L. Nopany, President of the Indian Sugar Mills Association in his address at the ninth annual general meeting of the association held here today. Those present included Sir Alan Lloyd, Secretary, Commerce Department Government of India.

Mr. Nopany, pointed out that the present period of protection was due to expire in 1946 and it was therefore time for considering the progress the industry had already made.

"You have expressed a hope," said Sir Alan Lloyd, "that the Government of India would issue an early contradiction in order to allay the anxiety of the industry. It seems to imply that you have heard that the Government of India had undertaken not to subsidize exports of sugar from India even after the expiry of the existing International Sugar Agreement. This is by no means the case, and the Government of India are absolutely uncommitted in any way whatsoever."—A. P.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN.—Prof. S. D Gyani, Professor of Indian History, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Andheri, will speak on "Political History of India before the Mahabharata War" at 4 p.m. to-day (Monday) in the University Buildings (Ground Floor: South Wing)

NATIVE SHARE AND STOCK BROKERS' ASSN.—The annual general meeting of the members of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association will be held at Sir Dinshaw Petit Native Brokers' Exchange Hall at 12 noon to-day (Monday).

For the first time in the history of education in the province, a blind student has been admitted in the B. T. Department of Calcutta University and has taken up the course of "Education of the Visually Handicapped," as one of his subjects inaugurated at the teachers' training department of the University in July last year.

ZAFRULLAH KHAN FOR BOMBAY

POONA, August 17.

The Hon'ble Sir Muhammed Zafrullah Khan, Member for Law and Supply to the Government of India, arrived here this morning and will be leaving for Bombay this afternoon.

During his short stay here he was entertained to a luncheon at the Turf Club House by Mr. Ahmed E. H. Jaffar, a local businessman a former member of the Central Legislative Assembly.—A. P.

Nazimuddin In Bombay

BOMBAY, Aug. 17.

The Hon. Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister of Bengal, and a member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League, arrived here yesterday to attend the meeting of the Working Committee of the League on August 24.—A.P.

CONGRESS STORM RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Hon. Secretaries of the Congress Storm Relief Committee, Bombay, writes:—

A meeting of the subscribers of the fund collected for the Congress Storm Relief Committee will be held to-day Monday, at 6-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, Bombay 4, to consider the disposal of the balance of this fund in view of the fact that the object of the fund has now been completely fulfilled.

PUBLIC MEETING AT DE LISLE ROAD

Under the auspices of the "E" (Byculla) Dist Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day Monday, at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Maqba Building, De Lisle Road, Byculla, when Shri R. D. Singh, President of the "E" Ward D.C.C. will preside and Messrs. R. K. Achrekar, M. B Vora and Keshav Talpade will speak on the "Present Political Situation".

A. V. THAKKAR'S ITINERARY.—Mr. A. V. Thakkar, Vice-President of the Servants of India Society, came to Bombay on (Sunday) from Delhi, having halted a day at Dohad to see work of the Bhil Seva Mandal. He will stay in Bombay for about ten days, and in the meantime will visit Nasik, Palghar, Murbad, Surat and Ahmedabad for Harijan, Adivasi and other work. He goes thereafter to Hyderabad (Dn.), Andhra, Madras City, Tamil-Nad and Malabar district for a tour to inspect the work going on in those parts of the country for the welfare of Harijans and Yenadis, an aboriginal tribe, for the welfare of which the Government of Madras is working on a large scale in Chittoor district In Nellore also welfare work for the Yenadis is being conducted by some public workers.

Mr. Thakkar will return to Delhi from this tour, in the beginning of October next.

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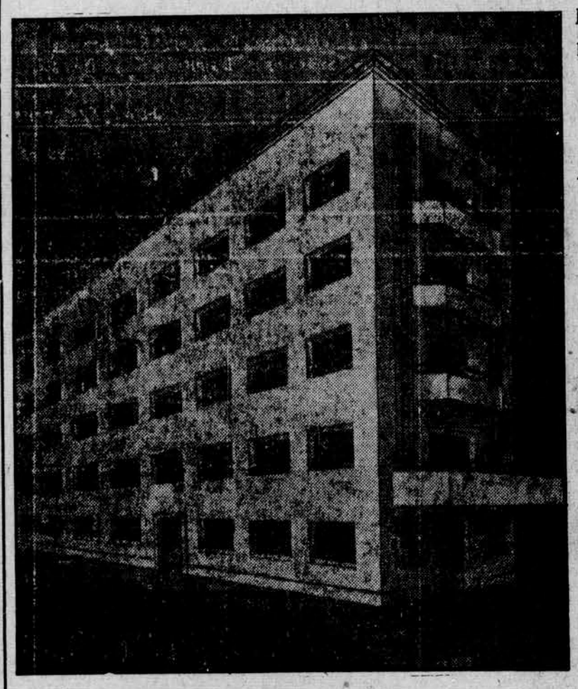

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 18, 1941

GIVE THEM THE CHANCE

It is significant that while the British press is very enthusistic about the Anglo-American Agreement, America is cautious in her praise and India is unenthused. Many in America may share the Republican Representative Sharers' feeling that it sounds "like the same old sales talk, only with a little more sugar on this time." Probably even in Britain there have been some doubts about the application of the Agreement. For Mr. Attlee felt constrained to say publicly: "We of the Labour Party say that the freedom we claim for ourselves should be extended to all men. Thursday's declaration will be equally applicable to all races including Asiatics and Africans." President Roosevelt also felt it necessary to assure American pressmen that "not a single section of a single continent went undiscussed during the Conference at sea". Assurances like these are certainly welcome but to those who have had bitter experience of Britain's promises to India neither the Agreement nor the explanations are wholly reassuring. British politicians have displayed an uncanny knack of finding something unexpected as being implicit in any explicit statement. Every Indian echoes the question asked by Democrat Reynolds: "Why don't Britain and the United States start imposing the four freedoms in India straightway?" The mention of four freedoms is a reference to President Roosevelt's statement of May last when during a fireside chat to the nation he defined the four freedoms as "freedom of speech and expression, freedom of every person to worship God in his own way, freedom from want and freedom from terrors." Three of these freedoms have long been unknown to India and to-day thousands are in prison because they preached the abandonment of the use of force with a little more definiteness than President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill have shown in the Eighth Point in their Agreement. We wonder if Mr. Amery will say with more than usual virtuousness that no freedom is to be "imposed" upon any country, that freedom is something to be acquired by India, when it will, of course, be recognised by Britain, and that the relevant points in the Agreement have all along been implicit in the Viceroy's announcement of August last.

Logical Obligations

We have not the least doubt that every possible attempt will be made by interested parties in Britain to explain away the logical obligations of the Agreement with regard to India. They may point out that Mr. Attlee's assurance represents the view of only the Labour Party. With regard to the Third Point in the Agreement which respects "the right of all peoples to choose the form of Government under which they will live" they will urge that the difficulty in India is that there are at least two different peoples in country and these make absolutely conflicting demands. Even Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, member-designate of the Viceroy's expanded Council, fears that they may "take a narrow legalistic view of things and leave India in the lurch on such grounds as that all elements in India's national life and all the different communities must be unanimous in their demands, or else autonomy and the right of self-determination cannot be conceded.'" But there is force in his view that "after making such a solemn declaration before the world the British Government would not in actuality find it possible to refuse its application to India by resort to narrow legal quibbles, in the New World that would emerge out of the war" and that "the force of circumstances in that New World Order, would be too strong for reactionary elements in the British nation to withhold from India her true heritage." The experience of President Wilson's Fourteen Points and Britain's promises of Self-determination to India forbids illusions about a new World Order and all that. But it cannot be denied that the present Agreement is less shadowy than the ill-fated Fourteen Points and is less likely to be surrendered by Roosevelt than were the Fourteen Points by Wilson. Finally, in the present circumstances much less depends on the wishes of the British Government than on the capacity of the people of India to hold the former to their solemn promises.

Release The Leaders

With all its shortcomings in its application to India, the Agreement is certainly a lever of which we can make very good use in our struggle for freedom and self-determination. It lends the fullest possible moral support to the struggle. And its efficacy as a lever will depend on our capacity to use it. We agree with Mr. Sarkar that "the problem that calls for our immediate attention in the political sphere is not so much the question of our relations 'vis-a-vis' the British Government but rather the problem of finding a basis for solidarity, some effort for common understanding on the essential points on which the greatest common measure of agreement can be established." As regards his suggestion that "all of us should put our heads together and find a way out", one serious difficulty is that many of the accredited leaders of the country are in prison for nothing more than standing up for some of the principles enunciated in the present Agreement. If Mr. Churchill is sincere about the eight points and the need for India's leaders' considering them dispassionately the least that he should do is to restate them unequivocally in their application to India and to release the members of the Congress Working Committee and the Premiers now in jail. If the latter should decide that the Agreement and his explanation do not make any difference in the present position they will not give him any difficulty in going back to the prison, the traditional second home of the fighters for liberty. The comment of Gandhiji on the Eighth Point in the Anglo-American Agreement that he will be more than pleased to send his heartfelt congratulations to U.S.A. and Britain on their resort to disarmament which he will regard as a triumph of non-violence, is, however, an indication that the release of the Congress leaders will, in all liklihood, lead to the disappearance of the present deadlock.

After Eight Weeks

During the eighth week of the war with Russia, the Nazis have admittedly achieved considerable success in the Ukraine. To assess the importance of this success in terms of the whole war situation, it is necessary to emphasise that the Nazis had confidently planned to enter Leningrad, Moscow and Kieff in a matter of a few weeks and to liquidate all Russian resistance in ten weeks' time. Their success only set in bold relief their failure. As the semi-official *Pravda* remarked the other day, the blitz has become a fiasco. The fact, however, does remain that the Russians have suffered a severe blow in the Ukraine and that they are passing through an anxious, if not critical, phase of the conflict. The important thing is that even though he might lose valuable agricultural and industrial wealth, Marshal Budenny should manage to withdraw his forces intact. London military circles expect that he will succeed and then offer powerful resistance from strong positions across the Dnieper. The battle in the south is, therefore, by no means lost, let alone the Battle of Russia.

Confidence in successful Russian resistance has been expressed by no less well-informed a person than President Roosevelt himself. He is certain that Russia will pull through the winter. In fact, this is the meaning of the joint Roosevelt-Churchill message to M. Stalin which suggests an immediate conference for the allocation between themselves of all the resources of the Powers for the campaign during the next summer and spring. If the Russians succeed, as we believe they soon will, in stalling the Germans and if effective Anglo-American aid reaches them in good time, there appears little reason to doubt the opinion of a British paper that the war would be over in a year. The joint Anglo-American offer of collaboration has been deservedly acclaimed all over the world as not only a prompt but also one of the most important material results of the Roosevelt-Churchill meeting. The *Bravda* rightly observes: "It is possible to say without exaggeration that a new stage begins in the development of collaboration between three Great Powers." This collaboration is, of course, going to exercise an immediate and decisive effect on the prosecution of the war against Germany and her satellites. But beyond the war effort and the actual war, too, it possesses splendid potentialities as regards the reconstruction of the new world.

Frankly Speaking

"Letat C'est Moi"

All Frenchmen, from the Vice-Premier downwards and serving the State, whether in a civil or military capacity, will swear allegiance to Marshal Petain instead of to France. This is a clear acknowledgment by Vichy that the people of France interpret their patriotic obligations in a manner dangerously different from that understood or desired by the Vichy clique. But it also shows how low this clique has sunk. Marshal Petain's order is a revival of a French King's "I am the State". Only, it is more contemptible. Marshal Petain seeks to transcend the State, not as a French autocrat but as the slave of a German Fuehrer. And it lends additional point to the statements of Mr. Stimson and Colonel Knox envisaging the danger of the military occupation by Germany—with Vichy's subservient collaboration"—of French North Africa. Admiral Darlan is, of course, the *deus ex machina* of the betrayal implicit in Marshal Petain's recent plan. But it is none the less a Petain challenge to both the people of France and the Western democracies. Let us see how it has been planned to be taken up.

Japan's Dilemma?

The Japanese appear to be in a fix. And what has placed them in a bad predicament is the Roosevelt-Churchill conference. The declaration against aggressors and the subsequent announcement of Anglo-American-Russian collaboration together constitute a troublesome problem for her. These three Powers are rapidly getting so interlinked in their affairs that she must be wondering whether she can now proceed against one without involving the other two. But the violent denunciation of the Anglo-American declaration and the *Hochi Shimbun's* threat to the Kremlin strengthen the belief that she is hopelessly committed to aggressive action. But in which direction? North or south? For Japan both have their advantages and both have also their overriding, indeed, disastrous, disadvantage.

Will They?

Merely because Mr. Amery said something about the collective responsibility of the expanded Executive Council some daring optimists have started speculating on various big possibilities in this connection. Though in dealing with even the present Council, dominated by officials, the Viceroy often reached decisions without full meetings of the Council, the optimists ask if he cannot now be got by the new Indian members to summon meetings of the full Council? Cannot these members, they ask, insist on a revision of the rules of executive business to enable the Council to meet even without the Governor-General being present so that he may gradually recede into the background as the constitutional head of the Government? There is certainly no reason why the Indian members should not insist on all this and a great deal more. But will they? Will they *insist* in the sense that if their wishes are flouted they will resign?

"Akhand Hindustan Front"

In his letter to Mr. Syed Habibur Rahman, a Nationalist Muslim leader of Bengal, asking for support to his plan of "Akhand Hindustan Front" Mr. K. M. Munshi is reported to have stated that his resignation from the Congress arose from the strong feeling that he had that "a civil war is going on in the country, and it is essential that all those, who believe in unity and internal security of India, must mobilise a strong volume of opinion against any loose talk of dividing India, during a period when international danger may any moment come to the frontiers of India." There is no "civil war" in the country, but an agitation against partition is both legitimate and necessary. It is, however, not enough. Side by side with it a constructive effort must be made to bring about a settlement of the communal problem that will be acceptable to all parties. And we hope it is not suggested by Mr. Munshi that whoever wishes to lead or participate in the agitation must necessarily resign from the Congress, as if the Congress opposed the agitation or in any way countenanced the plan of partitioning India.

AN AMERICAN NEWSLETTER

What Americans Think On War

By GEORGE HOLMAN

Whoever was on the road and wanted to re-fill his car found the filling stations closed after 7 p.m. The decree of Mr. Ickes, the Petrol Controller, has forbidden the sale of petrol for 12 hours in all Eastern States.

This is only the beginning. A much stricter rationing is forecast. About this time of the year you are wont to meet on the road cars which had only just a few days ago left the factory. A man who drove last year's model was considered a social failure. This year it is almost impossible—even with all the money in the world—to buy a new car. And so it is with other things: aeroplanes instead of cars; tanks instead of frigidaires; machine-guns instead of radio sets.

To know these things is necessary if one wants to understand how unwillingly American mentality grasps the idea that this war will also decide the future of the United States; that this war cannot be decided in the way every American wants it to be decided unless a considerable part of the gloriously comfortable ways of American life is sacrificed.

Military Service Paradox

Congress is at present debating a Bill for the extension of military service terms. One would assume that there should not be two opinions on this matter. And yet the paradox exists that the President has to walk warily on this ground, although hardly anybody in Congress and outside it doubts the necessity for the measure. Congress demands to be assured (1) that a real danger exists and (2) that the Administration will not abuse its authority and let the nation slip into war.

This rather sounds like mental acrobatics. But the Congress attitude on this question reflects that of the nation. Americans are ready to recognise the existence of an emergency and make sacrifices in consequence of it; yet the issue of America entering the war must not be decided on ideological or any other abstract grounds but must be forced by overwhelming strength of circumstances. The well-known magazine 'Fortune' has recently taken a poll, the results of which are, perhaps, more reliable still than those of most other institutions. Instead of putting questions bluntly: "Are you in favour of America entering the war?" 'Fortune' submitted four statements, each of them expressing the viewpoint of four of the most important groups of public opinion. They asked

Americans are ready to recognize the existence of an emergency and make sacrifices in consequence of it; yet the issue of America entering the war must not be decided on ideological or any other grounds but must be forced by overwhelming strength of circumstance, says Mr. George Holman in the course of this article written on the eve of Churchill-Roosevelt meeting.

persons to choose the one which came nearest their own convictions.

Only 16.3 Isolationists

No. 1 stated the isolationists' attitude: "Those who think this is our war are wrong, and the people of this country should resist to the last ditch any move that would lead us farther towards war."

Only 16.3 per cent approved of this statement.

Interventionists' viewpoint was shared by 53.7 per cent; 12.4 per cent of the people were in favour of a more radical phrasing: "It is our war as well as England's, and we should have been fighting with her before this."

Forty-one point three per cent subscribed to the version: "While at first it looked as though this war was not ours, now it looks as though we should back England until Hitler is beaten."

The fourth variation was supported by 22.4 per cent: "A lot of mistakes have brought us to a war that is not ours. Now that it is done, we should support in full Government's programme."

58.1 Per Cent Support Intervention ...

Only 7.6 per cent expressed no opinion. Eliminating the "don't knows", the percentage figure of those in support of intervention amounts to 58.1. That is a larger majority than wins most American elections. The dualism in the American attitude—to hit back when provoked, yet not to provoke an incident—has also been apparent in the latest developments in the sphere of foreign politics.

Immediately the President went on his mysterious yachting trip, he ordered the export control authorities to issue a ban on the export to Japan of aviation fuels and oils. This is less than many people in the United States and probably in London and Batavia expected, where there is talk of an outright embargo on the export of oil. With the new limitations imposed on Japan, the door is not yet entirely closed to an understanding. Deeds, not strong words count. The Administration's reluctance seems surprising in view of the fact that the military advisers of Government are said to have expressed full confidence in their ability to deal with any Japanese menace.

Attitude To Vichy & Moscow

To Vichy's challenge in Indo-China the United States has sharply and unmistakably replied. Mr. Harry Hopkins' Moscow visit and the agreement reached between the U.S.S.R. and the United States prove that the American promise of help has not been an empty gesture.

One event little advertised is hardly without consequence. Senator Connally, of Texas, was elected Chairman of the Senate's Foreign Affairs Committee—a man of irreconcilable hatred of Hitlerism and a much more dynamic and forceful personality than his predecessor, Senator George. His influence on the Senate's foreign policy is bound to make itself felt in the coming weeks. Those in the know in Washington predict that the mystery trip of the President will bring a sensational surprise.

DOUGLAS REED ON

The War On The German Spirit

The weakest point in the British conduct of the war in its earlier stages was the failure to recognise that a propaganda war on the German spirit was the fourth arm of the fighting service as important as, if not more important than, the fighting forces on land and sea and in the air.

The task of the British army was to repel invasion if one was attempted; the task of the British air force was to prevent the Germans from winning air mastery over the British coasts which was indispensable for a successful invasion, and gradually increase the weight of the British bombing attack on Germany; the task of the British navy was to hold the seas and ensure that men, munitions and foodstuffs should continue to reach this island.

Only when those tasks had been achieved could offensive operations leading to the defeat of the enemy be envisaged, and for success to be possible in that, a preliminary campaign upon the German spirit was essential, so that the hopes of peoples in German-occupied territory should be gradually revived and fear of defeat in Germany itself reawakened.

This was the department of war wherein the British effort lagged most in the earlier stages, but of late so much lost ground has been recovered that the effects of the British war on German nerves are beginning to show themselves.

The greatest and most brilliant single enterprise of this war on German nerves was the "V for victory" campaign recently begun, which has given all enemies of Germany inside and outside the Reich a symbol of their common allegiance and means of displaying it which the Germans cannot frustrate, and which hits at their most sensitive nerve—the feeling that they are surrounded by invisible enemies in the countries they have conquered and that these unseen foes may one day join and strike at them. The "Siegfried Line" of censorship which the Hitlerite regime has thrown around Germany and the conquered countries is proving as illusory as the Maginot Line. And, more important still, British broadcasts to Germans and the peoples overrun by the Germans are now improving every day; try as they will, the Germans can find no way to drown this voice, which is now heard in many tongues in the remotest parts of Europe by an audience that grows daily in magnitude. Results are beginning to show; from Norway, Belgium; France, Holland, Yugoslavia and other countries come accumulating proofs of the rising public belief in an Allied victory and increasing German uneasiness.

Britain was slow in getting off the mark with propaganda, but now that Britain has begun in earnest, very hard blows are being dealt, and every one brings the Germans nearer to the mood of defeatist presentiment which gripped them in 1918 just before their collapse.

JINNAH REFUTES HUQ'S CHARGE

No Arbitrariness In Fixing "Procedure Of Disciplinary Action"

BOMBAY, August 17.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah has issued the following statement to the Press:-

"In his statement published in the press on the 16th of August, 1941 Mr. Fazlul Huq accused me of having acted in a manner wholly unconstitutional and having exercised arbitrary powers 'ex parte' without hearing any statement from him. This is absolutely incorrect. If he would only study the constitution of the organisation to which he belongs, the procedure adopted is normal, as according to the rules the Working Committee is empowered to take disciplinary action, subject to the appeal to the Council of the All-India Muslim League; and the Secretary and myself, as the chief office-bearers, considered it our duty to place before the Working Committee the action and the conduct of certain members of the League for having associated themselves with the scheme of the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council and the constitution of the so-called National Defence Council, for that, in our judgment, amounted to a violation of the decisions of the League and opposed to its general policy.

HUQ WILL BE HEARD

"Accordingly the meeting of the Working Committee is called on the 24th of August by the Secretary, with my consent, as laid down in the constitution of the All-India Muslim League, and the tribunal that will decide the questions is the Working Committee and against their decisions an appeal lies to the full Council of the All-India Muslim League. There is no "ex parte" decision taken and it is open to Mr. Fazlul Huq to send his statement and explanation in writing or be present in person and place all that he has to say in his support and defence.

'NORMAL PROCEDURE'

"Finally I may say that although I had the fullest powers given to me by the express resolution of the full sessions of the All-India Muslim League held at Madras to take the disciplinary action myself, and as in that case they would have been deprived of their right of appeal if the decision would have gone against them, I came to the conclusion that in all fairness to them a normal procedure should be adopted and the matter should be dealt with in the first instance according to our constitution by the Working Committee and if the party is aggrieved by their decision they would have the right of appeal to the Council of the All-India Muslim League."
—United Press

Punjab Stand Against League Split

LAHORE, Aug. 17.

A resolution moved by Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan reiterating full confidence in the leadership of Mr. Jinnah as President of the All-India Muslim League and of Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan as Premier of the Punjab and expressing the hope that "their good offices and of all others concerned will help in maintaining the solidarity of the Mussalmans and thereby frustrating the evil machinations and wishful thinking of the enemies of the Muslim League and of Muslim interests" was adopted at a meeting of the Working Committee of the Punjab Muslim League held to-day. Nawab Sir Shah Nawaz Khan of Mamdot presided.

APPEAL TO JINNAH.

The meeting also resolved that a Deputation consisting of Nawab Sir Shah Nawaz Khan of Mamdot and Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan, M.L.A. should wait on the president of the All-India Muslim League and place before him the special position the Punjab relating to defence as also the facts and circumstances concerning the appointment of the Muslim Premiers on the Defence Council in their official capacity, and to appeal to him most earnestly to bring his far-sighted statesmanship to bear on this matter with a view to maintaining the solidarity of the Mussalmans at this critical juncture, and to assure him that the Muslims of the Punjab may be relied upon to contribute everything in their power towards the attainment of Muslim ideal and demands

VICEROY'S EXECUTIVE

The meeting placed on record its "great disappointment at and strong resentment over the fact that the recent appointments to the expanded Executive Council have been made by the authorities concerned without taking into confidence the All-India Muslim League which is the only truly representative organisation of the Mussalmans of India", and reiterated "its strong conviction that the whole-hearted co-operation of the Muslim community with war effort cannot be mobilised fully unless the reasonable demands of the Muslim League are met".—A. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

MADRID, Aug. 16.

A statement affirming that all reports in the foreign press of German troops, passing through Spain are "fables" was issued here to-day by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.—Reuter.

* * *

"Not a single section of a single continent went undiscussed during the conference at sea"
—President Roosevelt

India, too, Mr. President?

* * *

Thus Mr. Attlee "You will not find in the declarations which have been made on behalf of the Government of this country on the war any suggestion that the freedom and social security for which we fight should be denied to any one of the races of mankind."

And we have also never found any suggestion of freedom and social security being affirmed for every one of the races of mankind.

* * *

Apropos of the present "stalemate" in India, Mr. N. R Sarkar, member designate of the Governor-General Council, said at an afternoon party that it might be that British policy has helped towards the creation of this confusion and discordance, but the reality of the situation was, however, there

Before the admiring guests!

* * *

The semi-official "Pravda" has offered greetings to the Anglo-American 8-point declaration and Moscow reports how it is being welcomed by the peoples of Italy and elsewhere

Long live—yes quite.

* * *

During the last two or three days the R. A. F. have been scoring striking successes against German fighters.

It is time for Doctor Goebbels to counter-attack:

* * *

Well-informed quarters in Chungking predict a "showdown" in the Pacific in the near future.

Japan is quite willing even eagerly so. But her trouble is that she may thereby be shown up, indeed, blown up.

* * *

One of that numerous Japanese tribe knows as "spokesman" declares that if any trouble arises between Russia and Japan the responsibility thereof will rest with the Kremlin.

We agree. In view of the treaty of neutrality between the two countries, how can Japan look with equanimity at Russia receiving supplies for her war in Europe?

You don't see the argument, eh? That is because you do not understand Japanese logic.

* * *

"No shot has been fired, not an Axis flag sighted" in the waters between the U.S.A and Iceland

Thus says Colonel Knox. But we are sure the Axis will continue to—er—ignore him

* * *

Reporting its immediate success in France, a Reuter's message says: "Pat on the heels of the 'V' for Victory campaign comes 'T' for "Traitor".

That appeals to us better.

* * *

"Is the doctor in?"

"No, sir."

"Do you know when he'll be back"

"I don't know, sir—he went out on an eternity case."

"Show Down" In Pacific Imminent

CHUNGKING, Aug. 16.

A "showdown" in the Pacific in the near future in view of alleged Japanese plans for an attack on Soviet Far Eastern Army and deterioration of relations between China and Vichy is forecast in well-informed quarters here.

Chinese sources say that Britain and the United States are taking positive measures to help China defend the Burma Road in the event of any Japanese attempt to cut China's supp'y lifeline.—Reuter.

Thailand's Anxiety For World's Peace

BANGKOK, August 16.

Reuter's Correspondent wires:

The Thai radio campaign launched today on the theme that as believers in Buddhism, the Thais fervently wish for the early restoration of world's peace has aroused widespread interest.

Informed observers say that Thailand is not wholly engrossed in her own affairs but on the contrary is ever ready to make her contribution, however small, towards a wider peace. They add that they would not be surprised if this campaign were followed by some concrete action whatever be its chances of success.—Reuter

JAPANESE TROOPS FOR INDO-CHINA

SAIGON, August 16.

A second countingent of Japanese troops who are to take up positions in Southern Indo-China is expected to arrive off Cape Saint-Jacques to-night. Disembarkation will begin at Saigon tomorrow. General Sumita, head of the Japanese Mission to Indo-China, is returning to Hanoi today.—Reuter.

'Shraddh Day' Observance

(Continued from page 1)

alleviate his sufferings, you took him unto your bosom. You who are the source of all good, gave us a father who was like your representative on earth, who delivered us from all evil and led us into the paths of righteousness. May he accept our reverence and gratitude and forgive us our failings. Here do we stand before you bereft of a loving friend, whose one concern was to serve everybody. Pray give us courage and strength to bear the heavy burden of responsibilities he has left behind him. May we never waver from the path of good and may we always emulate the noble deeds done by our forefathers. Bestow on this community th blessing of goodness and amity of prosperity and wisdom. May we never lose faith in your abundant love. Abide with us in grief and joy, in penury and again in prosperity: May the very thought of you bring us happiness and uplift our hearts!"

After a short Vedic prayer, the ceremony came to a close with a song, whose English rendering (made by the Poet himself about a year ago after C. F. Andrews' death) is given below:

Far as I gaze at the depth of thy immensity
I find no trace there of sorrow or death or separation.
Death assumes its aspect of terror
And sorrow its pain
Only when, away from thee,
I turn my face towards my own dark self.
Thou all perfect, everything abides at thy feet
For all time.
The fear of loss only clings to me
With its ceaseless grief,
But the shame of my penury
And my life's burden
Vanish in a moment
When I feel thy presence
In the centre of my being.

Those present included a large number of ex-students.

A feature of the ceremony was the feeding of the poor, who came in large numbers from the surrounding villages.

LAST POEM & PORTRAIT DISTRIBUTED

SANTINIKETAN, Aug. 17.

At the end of the 'Shraddha' function the assembly rose quietly and went round the Chhatim grove singing.

Neat and beautifully got-up folders containing the latest portrait of the poet and his last poem were distributed along with booklets containing 'mantras' and prayers.

Among the guests was the Vice-Consul of China.—United Press.

DREW WORLD'S ATTENTION TO INDIA

Tributes To Tagore's 'All-round Cultural Genius'

BOMBAY, Sunday.

At a public meeting organised by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at Jinnah Hall this evening to mourn the loss of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore in course of the celebration of his "Shraddha Day", glowing tributes were paid to the departed poet, as "one who had immortalised the glory of India abroad" The hall was packed to the utmost capacity. Dead silence, throughout the whole proceedings as a mark of respect to the late poet, was a feature of the meeting. Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President of the B.P.C.C., presided.

Mr. Desai, addressing the audience, said that they had gathered there in response to Gandhiji's appeal to celebrate the "Shraddha Day" of Gurudev Rabindranath Tagore. Mahatmaji had also requested them to contribute their mite towards the perpetuation of his memory. By his death, not only India, but in fact the whole world had lost a great soul, because he was a poet of the whole world. His poetry was immortal, and through it he had remained alive in the hearts of his fellowmen in spite of his death. He (Tagore) had longed for the day to see his country attaining Freedom. It was in fact a great passion of his life. Hence it was the duty of all present there to try their utmost to fulfil the great dream that he (Tagore) dreamt. Then alone could his soul rest in peace!

Mr. Mahadev Desai speaking next said that whatever the late poet had touched, he had adorned. He was one of those very few persons who had spread the name and fame of India abroad. His memory was sure to remain green for all time to come. There was no doubt that in the literature he had produced and left behind abundant inspiration for future generations. He was a poet, a dramatist, a novelist, and in fact an all-round, cultural genius 'par excellence'

WON NOBEL PRIZE

It was in 1913 when he won the Nobel Prize for literature that the world's eyes were drawn to him, and through him to India.

Apart from his being a great poet, continued the speaker, the Indians in particular ought to remember him as a great patriot whose heart overflowed with the milk of human kindness and love for his country. That fire of patriotism was manifest in many of his poems, and it remained burning within him till the last moment of his life. During the Bengal-Partition movement of 1905 when Lord Curzon, the then Viceroy of India, had insulted India, Tagore's smashing reply had cut him to the quick. Again, when he was offered knighthood, he by his polite refusal of it, showed the great love he bore to his country.

Concluding, the speaker said that the greatest monument of his genius were the great institutions he had started, for the maintenance of which Mahatmaji and the Congress had asked for a helping hand, and it was the duty of every one to contribute something to the fund that was being collected for that purpose.

After some of Tagore's songs were sung, contributions amounting to Rs. 167-12 were collected on the spot.

The meeting then dispersed.

WARDHA OBSERVES SHRADDHA DAY

Mahatma Takes Part In Congregational Spinning

WARDHA, August 17.

The Shraddha day of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore was observed here by collecting money and fasting.

The Ashramites of Sevagram had an hour of congregational spinning, in which Gandhiji participated. All the yarn spun was given towards the Deenabandhu Andrews Memorial Fund.—United Press.

OBSERVANCE AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, Aug. 17.

The Shraddha Day of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore was observed in Delhi. At a public meeting held at the Town Hall this evening, prayers were offered for peace to his soul.—A. P.

GREAT HUMANIST & GREAT INDIAN

SIMLA, August 16.

A public meeting, this evening, passed resolution, placing on record its profound sorrow at the death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore

Sir Girjashankar Bajpai presided.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur said that Dr. Rabindranath was one of the greatest Indians and the greatest citizen of the world. His works showed what he stood for.

He revived Indian culture, and music and was reformer and stood for the uplift of Indian women. An institution on the lines of Shantiniketan had been organised in Devonshire in England. He was sure that the influence of Dr. Tagore would live and spread in this country.

Sir Girjashankar Bajpai who moved the condolence resolution described Dr. Tagore as a great poet, a great artist, a great humanist and above all a great Indian

He said: "I remember the late Sir Walter Raleigh, then Professor of English Literature at Oxford, and no mean critic, pairing the poet with Conrad "A E" one of the two greatest writers of English then living. Europe as a whole and almost simultaneously, America, read in these song offerings a new message—a message strange to minds quelled by the triumphs of physical science into unquestioning faith in its mastery of men.

Sir Girja Shanker hoped that the creation of an endowment for a critical study of his works will be one way of commemorating him. "But I doubt whether, could we ascertain his wish, he would not give preference to the development of the Vishwabharati at Shantiniketan as the memorial nearest to his heart. Let us show our gratitude to and our pride in him, not merely in sorrow, however sincere and profound for his death, but in an effort to ensure the fruition of these ideals to which he dedicated his life."

Congregational Prayers All Over Bengal

CALCUTTA, August 17.

The 'Sradh' day of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore was observed all over Bengal with due solemnity. Many friends and admirers of the poet, who believe in the religious aspect of the ceremony, fasted in accordance with the appeal issued by Mahatma Gandhi and all other public activities were postponed for the day.

The Congress, the Hindu Mahasabha and other national organisations hoisted their own flags in celebration of the occasion.

Congregational prayers in the city's parks and prayers by various associations were held in the morning and numerous public meetings have been arranged for the evening to pay tributes to the memory of the illustrious dead and to pray for the repose of his soul.—A. P.

NIZAM'S TRIBUTE TO TAGORE

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Aug. 17.

H. E. H. the Nizam, writing in a local paper this morning condoles the death of Dr. Tagore and recalls memory of his meeting the Poet some years ago.

His Exalted Highness says, that he was impressed by the Poet's character, personality and conduct and immediately came to the conclusion that he was a great philosopher.—A. P.

At Benares

BENARES, August 16.—A meeting of the citizens of Benares to mourn the loss of Poet Rabindranath Tagore was held in the Town Hall this evening, the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram presiding. A resolution was passed expressing "profound sorrow on the passing away of India's noblest son.—A. P.

Donations To Visvabharati

CHITTAGONG, August 16.

A sum of Rs. 308 has been donated to the Visvabharati, Santiniketan by the Chittagong Rabindra Jayanti Committee formed recently to celebrate the 81st birthday of the poet. The money is the surplus of the collection made on the occasion by sale of tickets

Another large sum for the Visvabharati will be raised in Chittagong.—United Press.

TOKIO 'FLIGHT OF FANCY'

Br. Far East C.-in-C. On Allegations Of London "Demands" On Thai

SINGAPORE Aug. 16.

"A Typical flight of fancy," is the description given by Air Chief Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, Commander-in-Chief in the Far East, in an official statement to-day regarding the rumours emanating from Japan that he had threatened Thailand with the use of force.

"I deny it emphatically. There is not an atom of truth in it. I endorse the statement made yesterday by Sir Josiah Crosby, British Minister in Thailand, that we made no demands whatsoever on the Thai Government."—Reuter.

Sir J. Crosby On Mendacious Rumours

BANGKOK, August 16.

The British Minister to Thailand, Sir Josiah Crosby, interviewed by Reuter said "in anticipation of the next mendacious rumour which may be circulated, I would state that His Majesty's Government have presented no demands of any kind whatsoever to the Thai Government".—Reuter

Attempted Raid On Moscow Foiled

Nazi Bombers Over Britain: Slight Damage Reported

LONDON, August 17.

A small group of German planes attempted to raid Moscow on Saturday evening, according to the Moscow radio.

The enemy planes were dispersed before reaching the city.

German raiders were reported over the south-east and east coasts of England and also the Midlands during the night. Some bombs were dropped but the damage reported was slight.—Reuter

SIX NAZI PLANES IN SIX MINUTES

Australian Squadron's Big Bag On Saturday

LONDON, August 17.

Pilots of one Australian squadron shot down six Messerschmitts in as many minutes, while returning from a sweep over Northern France on Saturday evening.

The squadron, says the Air Ministry News Service, had been escorting Blenheim bombers to an inland target and were crossing the coast on their way back, when eight grey-painted Messershmitts dived on their tails. Whipping round to meet the attack the Australians quickly turned the tables. Two German planes were destroyed by the Flight Lieutenant who was leading the squadron, bringing his score to three for Saturday. The Pilot Officer and three sergeants destroyed one apiece. The fight began many thousands of feet high and ended at sea level.

The squadron, with only one bullet hole in one aircraft, returned home just above the wave tops.—Reuter.

TWO ENEMY SHIPS SUNK

Netherlands Submarine Does It

LONDON, August 16.

Five thousand ton enemy supply ship and a thousand ton enemy sailing vessel were both sunk in the Mediterranean by a Netherland's submarine, according to a Netherland's Admiralty announcement here.

The total enemy tonnage destroyed in the Mediterranean by Netherland submarines was thus reached 26 000 tons.—Reuter.

Targets In Rhineland And Ruhr Attacked

LONDON, August 17.

An Air Ministry communique to-day (Sunday) says "last night, although the weather was bad, considerable forces of aircraft of the bomber command attacked targets in the Rhineland and the Ruhr. Their efforts were mainly concentrated on objectives in Cologne, Dusseldorf, and Duisberg, which were heavily bombed. One of our bombers destroyed an enemy fighter. Attacks were also made on docks at Rotterdam and Osteng. Thirteen of our aircraft are missing".—Reuter.

ENEMY AIRCRAFT OVER BRITAIN

LONDON: — "Enemy aircraft operated over the coast of eastern and south-east England last night," says an Air Ministry 'communique.' "Some of them flew further inland. Bombs were dropped at several points. They caused some damage but the number of casualties reported is very small, although it includes a small number of people who lost their lives at a town in the south-east of England."—Reuter.

ITALIAN RAIDS.

ROME, Aug. 17.

The R.A.F. last night (Saturday) again attacked Catania, Syracuse, also Bardia, Derna and Benghazi states an Italian communique.—Reuter.

ALLIED PATROLS BUSY.

CAIRO, Aug. 17.

At Tobruk our patrols continue their activity inflicting casualties on enemy working parties.

In the frontier area the situation remains unchanged, states the official Middle East Communique.—Reuter.

Let All Nations Combine To Smash Hitlerism

(Continued from page 1)

warring against Hitler, those enslaved and crushed by him and those forced to "equine" cooperation with him—shortly, the whole gigantic anti-Nazi freedom-loving front.

LET ALL NATIONS JOIN.

"We are confident not only of the sympathy but of the active co-operation of all elements of this front. "Not only Britons who are directly participating in the war and Americans who have rendered Britain and promised the Soviet Union enormous material help, but all other nations as well, can and must partake, openly or secretly, this sacred war for freeing humanity from the nightmare of Nazism.

"While helping each other all participants in the common struggle must remember that he who gives in time gives twice. "It is specially important that fight be waged by all participants simultaneously, and with the greatest intensity of effort and not by one after another in turn.

ISOLATION FATEFUL

"In all his calculations Hitler counted and counts on the possibility of smashing his enemies individually one after another. Only by withholding this possibility from Hitler can a swift and decisive victory over the enemy of mankind be achieved".

JAPAN'S 'NO' TO U. S. STEAMSHIP

Hitch Over Evacuation Of Americans

WASHINGTON, August 16.

The State Department disclosed that the Japanese Government have refused to grant Clearence papers for the American steamship "President Coolidge" it sought to remove hundred private American citizens now in Japan.

The State Department announces, Japanese foreign office indicated that the Japanese Government were willing to permit the steamship "Coolidge" to enter a Japanese port for the purpose only of taking off American official personnel.

Of the hundred Americans then desirous of leaving Japan about 20 were officials. The State Department explains that the question of evacuating Americans from Japan has been discussed by the State Department, the American Embassy in Tokyo and the Japanese Foreign Office and adds that the "State Department is continuing to give close and serious attention to the question of providing transportation for American citizens desiring to return to the United States from Japan as well as other Americans elsewhere."

The State Department announcement explains that the "Coolidge" was to leave Shanghai on August 8 for the United States and in accordance with the policy of assisting Americans abroad to return home during the present world disturbance, it was contemplated that the ship might be diverted to Japan. When the Japanese indicated that only Officials would be permitted to sail it was decided that the "Coolidge" should go from Shanghai to San Francisco, not calling at any Japanese port.—Reuter.

JAPAN-N. E. INDIES TRADE TALKS

TOKYO, August 17.

Japan has opened new trade talks with the Netherlands East Indies to end the "Freezing" war according to the Domei (Japanese) despatch from Batavia.—Reuter

TWO RACE MEETINGS

Both Horses Of Mrs. Gasking Score

LONDON, August 16.

Two racing meetings had plenty of interest, with the Stewards Handicap attracting the cream of six furlong horses at Nottingham while the historic "Silverbell" at Lanark gave Ptolemy a chance to show his paces in view of his entry for the Saint Leger

Ptolemy fulfilled hopes by an easy win by three lengths from Congratulations who came ahead of Suez. The winner was odds on favourite at 10/11 while Congratulations was 7/2 and Suez 9/2. Zaitor won the Stewards by a head from Lovesreverly with the Jigger third, the winner being 7/2 favourite.

Mrs. E. Gasking, who is Managing Director of a big canning business had only two horses. The Pale, which is one of the best sprinters in training and Royal Mantle, a colt. Both were engaged to-day and both won, the latter taking the opening race of five furlongs at Nottingham while The Pale triumphed in a handicap of the same distance at Lanark.—Reuter.

MOVE FOR IMPERIAL WAR CABINET

WELLINGTON Aug. 17.

The opinion that an Imperial War Cabinet might be useful in affording an opportunity for direct examination of the actualities of the conflict was expressed by Mr. Nash, acting Premier, when explaining that Mr. Fraser, Prime Minister, was remaining in London for a few days to confer with the British War Cabinet as the New Zealand Government thought it might be helpful to Mr Churchill and his colleagues to hear the Dominion's views.

It is, however, understood that New Zealand has not pressed the British Government for the establishment of an Imperial War Cabinet.—Reuter.

Nazis Trapped In Pincer Movement

STORY OF RED ARMY UNIT'S EXPLOITS: FOUGHT FOR 20 DAYS TO JOIN MAIN DIVISION

Nazi Thrust In Ukraine Slowing Down

MOSCOW, August 17.

How a unit of the Soviet army fought for 20 days before joining the main unit of the Red Army is told in a supplement to a Soviet communique issued by the Information Bureau to-day:

It states: "A Red Army unit commanded by Boldin was acting far in the enemy rear and more than once accepted battle with numerically superior enemy. The route traversed by the unit was littered with the Nazis' corpses, mutilated German guns, tanks and railway trains.

When the Red Army men had spent all their ammunition, they fought the enemy with arms captured from them. On the twentieth day, Boldin's unit joined the main forces of the Soviet army, this being preceded by heavy fighting with German troops wherein Boldin's unit co-operated with an infantry division.

ENEMY FLIERS TURN TAIL

The battle began with an air-raid by Soviet bombers which dropped the first bomb on the enemy. From his observation post, Boldin could clearly see German tanks and guns being disabled and destroyed. Stubborn fighting in one area in the south-western direction lasted 16 hours. At the height of the battle, a group of enemy bombers appeared over Soviet heavy batteries. Intercepted by a fighter squadron under Captain Larionov, the enemy fliers turned tail without having time to drop even a single bomb.

CHASED AND ATTACKED

The Soviet fighters went in pursuit and in a vigorous attack brought down five enemy bombers. Three of them with whole bombloads fell on the lines of a German tank unit. Two others having lost control, had to make forced landing. These also dropped their bombloads on their own troops. Tanks of the 10th infantry division deployed and launched an attack.

At this moment Boldin's unit struck at the rear of the enemy. The Nazis found themselves caught in a pincers movement and panic began in their ranks

A Red Army bayonet charge completed the rout of the Germans. The edges of forest ravines and cartracks were littered with bodies of German soldiers and officers and wreckage of enemy tanks, motor cycles, motorised artillery as well as machine-guns and rifles scattered in disorder.—Reuter.

NAZI THRUST SLOWING DOWN

MOSCOW, Aug. 17.

THAT THE BIG GERMAN THRUST IN THE UKRAINE IS SLOWING DOWN OWING TO FIERCE RESISTANCE IS THE IMPRESSION HERE.—REUTER.

RED ARMY'S WITHDRAWAL IN GOOD ORDER?

LONDON, August 17.

On the Russian front the war began its ninth week this morning, without any change in the situation except in the Ukraine.

A significant comment about the Ukraine was made last night in a broadcast from Berlin. While claiming German successes in this area, the announcer also mentioned that the German advanced units were being fiercely engaged by Russian rear-guards. This mention of engagement with Russian rear-guards confirms the impression in London that Marshal Budenny has been able to withdraw his army good order.—Reuter.

NAZIS CLAIM CAPTURE OF NIKOLAIEV

BERLIN, August 17.

The capture of Nikolaiev is claimed in a German Communique, which states that under pressure of unceasing pursuit east of the river Bug, the defeated enemy is disintegrating more and more. Booty and prisoners are steadily mounting.

The operations on other parts of the front are continuing satisfactorily.—Reuter

Finns Capture Sorbavalla

STOCKHOLM.—The Finns report the final capture of Sorbavalla, north-west of Lake Ladoga, on Friday night They say that the town was almost undamaged by the Russians, and that the Finns delayed its capture owing to the desire not to damage the town with heavy artillery It is claimed that the Russians are now deprived of the west side of Lake Ladoga, but admitted that with complete mastery of the lake the Russians are able to withdraw. The Finns are now said to be only about ten miles from Kexholm.—Reuter

FIGHTING ALL ALONG FRONT

MOSCOW, August 17.

During the night of August 16th Soviet troops continued fighting all along the front, says a Moscow 'communique'. The Soviet air force in co-operation with the land forces dealt blows on enemy troops and destroyed aircraft on his aerodromes, adds the 'communique —Reuter.

EVE'S 'HOME ARMY' IN AUSTRALIA

SYDNEY, August 17.

Mr. P. C. Spender, War Minister, announced that the War Cabinet had authorised the establishment of a Women's Home Army with the object of releasing from certain military duties men whose work can be done by women. It is not proposed to send women overseas.—Reuter

CRYSTALS AND INFRA-RED SPECTRUM

BANGALORE, August 16.

Lecturing to the South Indian Science Association, last evening, on "Crystals and the Infra-Red Spectrum", Sir C. V. Raman announced that recent investigations by himself and collaborators on the newly discovered type of X-ray reflection in crystals had resulted in a revolutionary output of new knowledge regarding the solid state of matter. An example of the impact of the new ideas he mentioned the generally accepted theory of the specific heat of metals due to debye.—A. P

Balance-Sheet Of Two Days Air Battle

LONDON, August 16.

Following is the text of a "communique" the Soviet Information Bureau issued at 22/30 (G.M.T.): "during August 16 our troops continued fighting the enemy along the whole front.

"Our air force in co-operation with land forces continued to deal blows to enemy troops and attacked aircraft on aerodromes

"According to precise data now available, 26 German aircraft were destroyed on August 14 and not 21 as previously reported. On August 15, 29 German aircraft were destroyed. We lost 24 aircraft".—Reuter.

BURMA AGREEMENT IN OPERATION!

MADRAS, Aug. 17.

It is learnt that a grave situation has arisen in Andhra and Orissa on account of the detention of hundreds of labourers, who returned from the port of embarkation for Rangoon on not being permitted to sail by the authorities.

It is stated that even those labourers who had employment in Rangoon and were on monthly pay had to return home because they could not produce sufficient evidence of their employment.

Offices of village munsiffs and permitting authorities are besieged day and night by crowds eager to proceed to Rangoon but very few are permitted to proceed.

This situation has evoked a strong protest all over the area and various public associations commercial bodies and others are passing resolutions of protest and making representations to the Government against the terms of the Indo-Burma Agreement United Press

SOVIET AID COMMITTEE

(From A Correspondent.)

Under the auspices of the Soviet Aid Committee the Flag Salutation ceremony was performed at the Northbrooke Gardens. Mr. Vare explained how the Red Flag stood for the destruction of Fascism and exhorted the audience to pay one pice to the Fund in support of the Soviet Union. Later a cycle procession was taken through Girgaum area

A meeting will be held at Nana Savaji's Wadi to-day (Monday) at 5.0 p.m. Another meeting will be held at Kalapani, Madanpura. Messrs. Jhalvala Vaze Salvi and others will speak

India Too Wants A People's Militia

Plea Of 'Anti-Fascists' To Turn Civic Guards Into Auxiliary Force

Under the joint auspices of the National Democratic Union, Radical Democratic Party, Anti-Fascist Trades Union Committee and three other organizations a public meeting to inaugurate propaganda campaign for demanding the transformation of the Civic Guards into an Auxiliary Military Force, was held at Cama Hall, Fort, Bombay on Sunday evening. Sir Homi Mehta presided.

In the course of his speech Sir Homi said: "Two years of experience of the war in Europe have taught us that the present war has to be fought by the entire people. A growing number of people in our country are becoming conscious of the danger that is approaching our frontiers. But there is a general feeling of helplessness and frustration."

The policy of the Government so far in allowing the dead-lock in the country, the President said, had been responsible for the lack of enthusiasm of the people. Their complacency, which has been gradually shaken by the reverses in the East; was still hindering them from mobilizing the entire resources of the country, both in manpower and materials, in a gigantic effort which was necessary for the defeat of the Monster of Fascism.

"At this juncture independent popular initiative alone can save the situation. The Fifth Column of the enemy cannot be combated by the regular army. The Police Force is inadequate to deal with, has been abundantly proved in the time of the disturbances in different centres in India during the last few months. These battles with the enemy inside can be successfully fought only by the people's militia, which must develop as a formidable force in the country.

Continuing, the President said that the attempt of the Government to meet the need of the situation by establishing Civic Guards is very inadequate. The Civic Guards have no military status. They are functioning as an auxiliary to the police force and although they have shown willingness to be a useful in times of riots in Bombay and elsewhere yet they cannot be effective as they are constituted at present.

The Civic Guards can develop, Sir Homi observed, into a formidable auxiliary military force only if they are armed and equipped as the Home Guards in England.

"The need for a Volunteer Defence Organization is even greater in India than in England", continued Sir Homi Mehta. In England the entire people was conscious and united. Here in India there were elements who were opposing war effort. The difficulties to be overcome in India were greater than in England. These difficulties, the President remarked, could be overcome if they had sufficient response from the people.

The President then proposed the establishment of a Representative Committee of the Citizens, who will undertake the task of popularising the idea of bringing into existence the Indian Volunteer Corps or the People's Guards like the Home Guards in England.

Mr. Tayab Shaikh then proposed a resolution demanding the transformation of the Civic Guards into an auxiliary military force people's militia.

The resolution was supported by Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, Noushir Bharucha, Rajaram Pandye, Syed Murtuza Ali Khan, R. B. Asavle and Maj. Bamji. The resolution was passed unanimously.

Mr. Charles Mascarenhas declared the personnel of the Committee which will examine the possibilities of implementing the resolution and drawing up a detailed plan for the organization and training of the Volunteer Defence Corps.

The members of the Committee includes among others: Sir Homi Mehta, Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, Maj. Bamji, V. B. Karnik, Tayab Shaikh, Rajaram Pandye and others.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

I want you to note that Attlee in a statement amplifying his broadcast of the Charter of Liberties said: "We of the Labour Party say that the freedom we claim for ourselves should be extended to all men. Thursday's declaration will be equally applicable to all races including Asiatics and Africans". Why only "We of the Labour Party"? Why can't Attlee speak on behalf of His Majesty's Government?

* * * *

There are many meetings held of protest against the Burma "agreement" which has been thrust upon the Indian people. The purpose of such meetings of protest is quite clear. It is to bring pressure upon Government by the constant expression of public opinion in this country. Also it is to avoid compromising the position of the Indian in South Africa, Kenya and other places. If we agreed to the agreement with Burma, we would be damaging the status of Indian nationals and our fight in the future—when we have self-government in India—would be much weaker.

* * *

Every utterance on this India-Burma question of every responsible British statesman has emphasised the point that the idea must never be to restrict the right of entry of Indians into Burma. So was said by Ramsay MacDonald, Earl Winterton, Sir Thomas Inskip and others. Even the Government of Burma Act of 1935 lays down that no disability, liability, restriction or condition can be imposed on British subjects domiciled in India and subjects of an Indian State in regard to travel, residence, the acquisition, holding or disposing of property, the holding of public office, or the carrying on of any occupation trade, business or profession. All these safeguards seem to have been forgotten now. It is clear now that what Britain wants to do is to isolate India from all its frontiers and from the rest of the Empire. Years ago Aden was part of the Bombay Presidency. To-day Aden is a Crown Colony. Burma to-day, it seems to me, is heading for similar honours.

* * * *

Shocking is the clause in the so-called agreement which reads: "Marriage or cohabitation with a woman belonging to the indigenous race of Burma, established to the satisfaction of the Government of Burma, may be a condition for the cancellation of a permit or a visa granted to a male immigrant. Nowhere else in the world is such a penalty inflicted except in Hitler's Germany where marriage or cohabitation with a Jew or a Jewess is penalised. And to think that the Government of India could have descended to acquiesce in inflicting such a penalty on the Indian immigrant is a sad comment on the way the "Government of India" looks after the interests of India. No, this Burma Agreement must be resisted Sir Girjashankar Bajpai must be made to realise that he can fool some of the people some of the time, but that the great majority of thinking people in India condemn the agreement with all the strength at their command. He must never be sent anywhere else as the accredited representative of the Indian people.

SCINDIA SHIPS
are
OWNED, MANNED, MANAGED & CONTROLLED
By
INDIANS

WHEN CHURCHILL WAS AT BANGALORE

70-Year-Old 'Boy' Recalls When Winston Was Ensigned In Fourth Hussars

CALCUTTA, August 17.

P. Munaswamy, who was employed as a "boy" by Mr. Winston Churchill, when the latter was in India about 45 years ago, is at present in Calcutta.

He is about 70 years of age and is still working as a "boy." Munaswamy still retains a vivid recollection of Mr. Churchill as an Ensign in the Fourth Hussars.

JOLLY GOOD COMPANY

Munaswamy, when approached by Press representatives, said that he had first met Mr. Churchill at a bungalow in Bangalore, where he was messing with three other brother officers. "They were" he said, "Jolly good company." Mr Churchill, slim and smart, was the best polo player and a 'shikari'.

Mr. Churchill, Munaswamy remembered, once went on a shooting trip and shot a deer in the jungle near Jallahali, Bangalore. From Bangalore, Mr. Churchill, went on active service—Tirah campaign—and then left India for South Africa.—A. P.

POSERS TO PETAIN

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Replying to Marshal Petain, the Marquis P. de la Valette, says:—

"I should like to recall to the great American Republic", you said, the reasons why she should have no fear of a decline in French ideals.

That ideal, Marshal, will not decline for a very good reason, and that is that the people of France, with the exception of a few miserable opportunities, will not let it die, as Darlan, De Brinon, Laval and others wish to do. That ideal will never die, because it is revived by a man who holds the confidence and affection of all hearts of France. This man is called Charles De Gaulle.

WHOSE NEW ORDER

"You speak of the necessity of breaking down certain resistance to the New Order. That order, if it is Hitler's, or Mussolini's, we do not want, no one in France wants it, and you will have to break down the whole of France. Is that what you seek to do? Marshal?

"Do you think that you are insuring a happy future for France by covering with your name a Darlan who gives himself over to the enemy? It is a very shortsighted policy, Marshal, Hitler, despite what you may have been led to believe, will not win the war. The might of Great Britain doubled by that of U. S. is indestructible When Hitler loses the war, which he will, what will you have to ask of England, who in the throes of the most cruel battle, has never repudiated France?

"The only duty of any French men, who has any self-respect is to revolt. We would have liked to rebel with you, but we will rebel without you. No German power, no Vichy police force will ever stop the true patriots. Long live France, long live England for victory and liberty.

DACOITS LOOT POST OFFICE

MUNSHIGANJ, Aug. 16.

A daring dacoity was committed last night in the sub-post office at Kola in Munshiganj subdivision.

It is reported that shortly after midnight, a number of persons armed with deadly weapons raided the post office building and entered into it by breaking open the door after overpowering the night-guard. The miscreants then ransacked the iron-safe and decamped with Rs 650 in cash belonging to the Government. The authorities were immediately informed and the Inspector of Post Offices, Munshiganj, has left for the place.—A. P.

University For Sind

KARACHI, August 17.

The establishment of a fledged University for Sind with Karachi as headquarters, it is understood, has been recommended by the Sind University Committee appointed by the Government of Sind, under the chairmanship of the Speaker, Miranmohd Shah.

KOLHAPUR MAHARANI'S RIGHT TO ADOPT SON

Savarkar Reminds Viceroy Of Victoria's Proclamation

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of Hindu Mahasabha, has addressed the following telegram to H. E. The Viceroy of India, Government House, Bombay:

"Request Your Excellency to uphold the right of the Maharani of Kolhapur to adopt a son at her own discretion. This solution is the best and most popular of all the proposals throughout Maharashtra. It is also just and only legitimate one in keeping with Queen Victoria's proclamation assuring liberty of adoption to Hindu women".

Mr. Nariman On Succession To Kolhapur Gadi

Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.A. has issued a statement to the Press on the question of succession to Kolhapur gadi, in the course of which he says:—

"We are hearing so much of self-determination and self-rule and the much boomed Roosevelt-Churchill Declaration. Kolhapur presents a small but still a genuine opportunity to fulfil that ideal even to some degree Let the people of Kolhapur who are going to be most affected by this choice decide by a free and unhampered vote as to who should be their future ruler The Paramount Power should only be the agency to carry out the wishes of the people; the people may be asked even to restrict their choice to limited rival claimants; if the people of Kolhapur desire that the Senior Maharanisaheb should select then the peoples decision should be given effect to"

LADY WILLINGDON THANKS LINLITHGOW

BOMBAY, August 17.

The following message has been received by H. E. the Viceroy from the Marchioness of Willingdon:

"My son and I are deeply grateful to your Excellency and the Government of India for your telegram of sympathy in our great sorrow."—A. P.

Viceroy's Interviewers

His Excellency the Viceroy granted interviews to the following:—Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, Mr. J. M. B. Gibbons, Mr. M. C. Ghia, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Dr. J. A. Collaco, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Sir Dhunjishah Cooper, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Mr. T. Sinclair Kennedy, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Mr. A. C. J. Bailey, Major General R. H. Candy and Mr. W. R. G. Smith

His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by the Governor of Bombay inspected the General Motors Factory and the Works of Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Co.—A.P.

Landslide On Kalka-Simla Railway

SIMLA, Aug. 17.

A heavy landslide near Solan on the Kalka-Simla railway caused a delay of about three hours in the arrival of trains and rail motors at Simla to-day.

The obstruction was observed early in the morning and was cleared in two hours.—A.P.

Monsoon Strengthens In Northeast India

POONA, August 17.

The moonsoon has strengthened in north-east India and there has been locally heavy rain in Bengal, Orissa and Chota Nagpur. Heavy falls are also reported in the Kumaon Hills. Rainfall has been widespread in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the northern parts of Orissa and in Bihar, the Konkan and Malabar and local in west United Provinces, Central Provinces, east and north Punjab, north Hyderabad and north Madras coast

A few falls occurred in east Gujarat, Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Roorkee 6 inches; Calcutta, Balasore, Dehradun and Mussooree 4 each; Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, Daltonganj and Naya Dumka 3 each; Murree 2, Jessore, Muktesar and Khandala one and half each.—A. P.

A test mobilisation of the Civic Guards of Calcutta was held on Sunday morning.

TRIBUTES TO MEMORY OF POET FIRDAUSI

BOMBAY, Sunday.

At a well attended gathering of the Parsis organised under the joint auspices of the Jashan Committee, the Iran League, the Irani Anjuman, and the Young Men's Zoroastrian Association, and held at the C. J. Hall this evening, tributes were paid to Firdausi Tusi, the Persian poet of undying fame Mr. J. R. B Jijibhoy presided, and Mrs. Jijibhoy distributed the prizes to the children

Speaking on the occasion, Prof. Moulvi referred to Shah-Namah, the great Persian epic of historic fame, and eulogised the greatness of Firdausi as a poet, a patriot, and a penman.

Mr Jijibhoy regretted the lack of enthusiasm on the past of the Parsis for the Persian literature, which was truly their own.

Woman Killed In City House Collapse

Gittabai Balwantrao, a Hindu woman aged about 40, was the victim of a house collapse at Dana Bunder on Sunday morning. Inquiries reveal that the five-storeyed Mulji Bhanji Building, situated on Bombay Port Trust plot No. 1183, at Bhadoch Street, Dana Bunder, suddenly collapsed at about 8-30 a.m. on Sunday. The police and fire brigades being informed immediately ran to the spot. Their search led to the discovery of a woman's corpse from under the debris. Later, this woman was identified by Balwantrao, a Hindu, as his wife Gittabai.

WOMAN FALLS DOWN FROM SECOND FLOOR OF BUILDING.

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Taiyaba Jawadhusein, a young Muslim woman, residing at the Princess Building, Babula Tank Road, fell down from the 2nd floor of the building today. The bones of both her hands and legs were fractured. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where her injuries were immediately attended to. She is progressing well. The cause of her fall is not known

Body Of Parsi Youth On Railway Lines

TRAGEDY ON B. B AND C. I RY. BETWEEN DAHISAR AND MIRA STATIONS.

(From A Correspondent.)

BORIVLI, Sunday.

The dead body of a Parsi youth, aged about 38, was found on the railway lines between Dahisar and Mira stations on the local section of the B. B. and C. I. Ry., this morning.

Sub-Inspector Kulkarni of Borivli on being informed went to the spot and took possession of the body in the presence of a 'punch.'

It is not known under what circumstances the youth met his death. His head was smashed.

The deceased who has been identified as Ervad Behramshah Jehangirji Madon, had put on a white coat and pant and a railway return ticket issued from Dadar to Virar was found in a pocket.

After an inquest was held the body was sent to the Andheri dispensary, and intimation was sent to the Patel Agiari at Andheri

It is understood Mr. Madon was a B. Com. and was unemployed. The police are pursuing enquiries in the matter

WEEK-END CRICKET

Following are results of week-end cricket matches:—

Islam Gymkhana Vs B. B. and C. I Rly. Traffic Sports Club at Kennedy Seaface on Sunday B. B. and C. I Rly., T. S. C.: Daruwala 30, B. P. Kadam 17, A. R. Kshirsagar 52, K. Subramanyam 0, S. V. Raja Dekshit 41, A. H. Pathan 4, Irani 1, Painter 0, R. J. Dalal 3, Rama Murti—not out 0 and D. Desai not out: Extra runs—8. Total 156. Bowling Analysis:—A W. Botawalla 1 for 23, A. A. Hakim 1 for 34, S. Heptulla 5 for 30, K. C. Ibrahim 1 for 41 Y. A. Botawalla nil for 16, Shabanali nil for 4.

ISLAM GYMKHANA (1ST INNINGS.)

Merchant 25, Botawalla 24, K. C. Ibrahim 0, Hakim 54, S. Heptulla 7, E. S. Maka 14, Y. A. Botawalla 7, A. H. Shakur 12 not out, A. P. Mansuri 1, S. G. Mahmud 0 and Shahanalli 7; Extra 13. Total 164. Bowling Analysis: R. G. Penker 2 for 39, B. P. Kadam 3 for 41, D. M. Desai 2 for 25 Irani 1 for 30, Subramanyam nil for 21, S. V. Rajadhyksha 1 for 5.

Esplanade L. C. C. v. Hindu Gym.

Esplanade Liberal Cricket Club v. Hindu Gymkhana at Kennedy Seaface on Sunday:

Esplanade L.C.C.: Mr. Khote 26, Paddar 0, R Mody 36, D Havewala 21, F. Kapadia 32, H. Wadia 10, J. Dadyseth 28, Bharucha 6, Madan 9, Achaswala 0 and Patel not out 1; Extra 12, Total 180. Bowling Analysis: Dr Gurtur 2 for 69, Ved 2 for 17, Raiji 3 for 42, Wadker 2 for 18, Gokhale 1 for 32.

Hindu Gymkhana: Mr. S. N. Mehta 0, Kapadia 13, U. M Merchant 66, Dossa 38, Wadker 25 not out and Dr Gustu 42 not out; Extra 5. Total 189.

Bowling Analysis: M. Patel 1 for 25, D. Havewalla 1 for 71, Madon 2 for 47.

MADRAS, Aug. 17.—The Right Hon'ble Sir Akbar Hydari arrived in Madras yesterday from Pondicherry and left the same day for Hyderabad by special plane.—A.P.

DEFENDERS OF INDIA

ANTI-AIRCRAFT MACHINE-GUN

TWO of India's first half-million train with this new machine-gun, mounted for action against low-flying aircraft. The tripod carries a swivel on which the gun can follow a diving raider with deadly precision.

India's new army is drawn from all creeds and castes and from all districts; so that, if it comes to invasion, Indian soldiers with their intimate knowledge of the country, will be more than a match for any foreign expeditionary force. The new defenders of India are armed and clothed with fully up-to-date equipment.

Smartness and Comfort are now combined in the soldier's uniform. His Khaki, invented on the plains of Hindustan, is all made in India.

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BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC MILLS
MADRAS

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Managing Agents: BINNY & CO. (MADRAS) LTD.

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was a marvel. He knew when the Romans built Rome, he knew why comets come down and shares go up.

No wonder he was always successful—till one day something went wrong which he could not know with all his cleverness and he left his family in despondency.

He had forgotten to acquire a simple piece of knowledge: LIFE ASSURANCE is necessary for everybody and in every walk of life. For the successful man and all the more for the man who is still struggling.

Try one of our many successful, simple, safe and secure schemes all well within reach of the average man.

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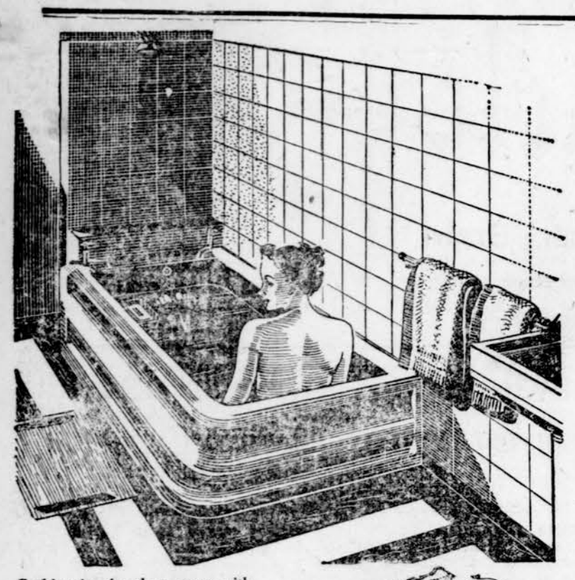
(INCORPORATED IN INDIA)

MUTT AND JEFF—And It Wasn't Phosgene Gas, Either — By BUD FISHER

IT SMELLS LIKE GAS BUT THEN AGAIN IT MIGHT NOT BE GAS -- DO YOU THINK IT'S GAS, MUTT?
I DON'T KNOW BUT WHATEVER IT IS I'LL FIND OUT!
SNIFF SNIFF
AH, I HEAR SOMETHING UNDER THE STOVE!
IS IT A GAS LEAK?
I'LL TELL YOU IN A MINUTE! GOT A MATCH?
YEH, HERE!
SCRATCH
BAM
YEH, IT'S A GAS LEAK!



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Pure Swadeshi

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ENERGY COMMANDS LOVE AND LAURELS

For all kinds of activities in life you need health first. Health, that supports your work and pastimes during the four seasons of the year.

Kiran Jawani the supreme tonic helps you in keeping your health to the desired standard. All debilitating disorders speedily yield to Kiran Jawanis miraculous vitalizing power. Health, full vigour or vitality are gradually restored.

Price:
Rs. 4 for 100 pills
Re. 1 for 24 pills.
Special Quality
Rs. 12|- for 100 Pills.
Rs. 3|- for 24 Pills.

KIRAN-JAWANI
AMRITDHARA PHARMACY LAHORE

Warning!

It has been found that several unscrupulous manufacturers have found fit to sell bottled drinks under the brand-name of VIMTO. While this is yet another proof of the success of VIMTO among the discriminating drinkers all over India, we hereby warn the persons concerned, that VIMTO is owned solely by Messrs. J. N. Nichols & Co. Ltd., of Manchester and that the labels illustrated below and the word VIMTO are registered in respect of these products: VIMTO CORDIAL and VIMTO AERATED. Any fraudulent use of this label or the word "VIMTO" will be dealt with according to the law.

LOOK FOR THESE LABELS

Cotton Traders Awaiting Final Disposition Of The Freezing Bill

WIDESPREAD WEEVIL INFESTATION

Trade Covering

Bombay, August 16

The New York market declined on Thursday, owing to the hasty interpretation of the Churchill-Roosevelt statement as a possible basis for peace move caused a sharp plunge in cotton which subsequently recovered on mill price-fixing, at the close New Orleans and local buying.

Yesterday the market was steady, cotton traders are awaiting final disposition of the freezing bill ignoring the record breaking consumption and Southern advices of widespread weevil-infestation. Early trade buying followed by Commission House liquidation and New Orleans selling in an indifferent offtake but the rallied on covering and strength of New Orleans market closed steady.

The New York cotton market opened steady at a rise of 9 points at 15.07 for October delivery which was the highest rate of the session and declined to 15.92, 16 points down owing to selling by New Orleans and Commission Houses, at the close there was trade buying and the market closed steady at a decline of 3 points at 16.05. Spot cotton price was 8 points down at 16.65 cents per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was steady and fluctuated within a narrow range of 3 down to 2 up. Spot cotton price was 3 points up at 15.76 cents per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

14-8-41 :—

New York October highest (10 a.m.)	16.39+13
New York October lowest (10-12 a.m.)	15.78—48
15-8-41 :—	
New York October highest (10 a.m.)	16.17+09
New York October lowest (12-16 p.m.)	15.92—16

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Trade and local buying met with hedge selling and liquidation.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, August 16

October	16.09
December	16.27
January	16.27
Middling spot	16.69

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, August 16

October	16.08
December	16.26
January	16.30
Middle spot	15.73

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, August 16

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	9,000

LONDON SILVER, GOLD, WHEAT, LINSEED AND RUBBER

London, August 16.

London silver, gold, wheat, linseed and rubber closed

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, August 16.

T. T. London on :—	
New York	4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43 to 4.47
Berne	17.30 to 17.40
Stockholm	16.85 to 16.95

COTTON ROOM-RATES

Bombay, August 16

		Extra Sprne	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M	G	Bengal U P	155	153	151	148
M	G	Punjab	155	153	151	148
M	G	Lajputana	164	162	160	157
M	G	Oomra No. 3	201	198	195	192
M	G	C P No. 1	229	226	223	220
M	G	C P No. 2	209	206	203	200
M	G	Broach No. 2		228	225	222	220
M	G	Punjab-American	283	280	277	275
M	G	Surat		357	354	351	349
M	G	Rajpipla		353	350	347	344
M	G	Navsari		365	362	359	357

THE GRACE AND POISE THAT NATURE GIVES TO THE Working Women

NOW LODHRA GIVES TO THE Metropolitan Women

Health is Beauty, Beauty Health
For Blooming Health and Boundless Cheer
Use LODHRA
Uterine Tonic of 40 Years Repute
Available Everywhere.
P. M. ZAVERI & CO.,
Princess Street, Bombay.

Govt. Medical Officer
RAI SAHEB DR. DASS'S
SEXUAL SCIENCE
a book on health and happiness is being distributed free. Apply:
DR. L. M. ROY, Alipore, Calcutta.

American Cotton Weekly Statistics

New York, August 15

	This Season	CORRESPONDING Season	Week 1940-41	Week 1940
Total in sight (excluding linters)	268	130	217	105
Forwarded to American mills including other American (excluding linters)	356	167	205	89
Exports from U. S. Ports	28	8	35	15
Stocks at U. S. Ports	3,169	—	2,480	
Stocks at U. S. Interior Towns	2,079	+	1,906	
Receipts at U. S. Ports	143	68	148	78

N.B. All in thousands of bales

Certificated stocks are placed at 79,000 bales

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1941-42	1940-41
Receipts to date 15-8-41	143000	148000
Receipts yesterday 15-8-41	9000	17000
Export to date 15-8-41	28000	35000
Stock at Ports 15 8 41	3169000	2480000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-8-41	2079000	1906000
Stock at Liverpool 15-8-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 15-8-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 15-8-41	268000	217000
Quantity out of sight 15-8-41	.....	.....

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, August 16

Pepper ready per candy	100	0	0
Pepper Bhadarya Sudi 16 per candy	99	8	0
Pepper Maha Sudi 15 per candy	105	8	0
Ginger ready bleached	32	0	0
Ginger Maha Sudi 15	29	0	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, August 16

Bengal Fine	152-55
Berar	185-90
C. P. 1	217-20
C. P. 2	195-97
Khandesh	145-65
Muglai	165-75
Broach	207-17
Broach Low	172-82

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, August 16

Wheat September	0	2	6
Wheat January	0	8	0
Wheat May	0	12	0
Linseed September	0	3	6
Linseed May	1	8	0
Groundnut August			
Groundnut February	6	0	0
Castorseed September	2	8	0
Castorseed May	8	8	0
Cottonseed September	1	0	0
Cottonseed January	3	0	0
Silver 1st settlement	0	10	0
Silver 2nd settlement	1	2	0
Gold 1st settlement	0	4	0
Gold 2nd settlement	0	10	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, August 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept in full-pressed bales

	14-8-41.	This year.	Last year.
Khangesn		100,996	86,590
Central India	97	148,994	109,351
Barsi and Nagar	....	124,726	114,118
Hyderabad/Gaorari	....	50,825	47,970
Berar	50	385,794	318,618
Central Provinces	29	77,882	76,969
Total Oomras	176	889,216	722,690
Dhoieras	246	101,929	89,297
N W Provinces	....	2,049	25,079
Rajputana	....	6,778	35,928
Sind-Punjab	1,362	572,368	380,034
Broach	11	399,776	408,949
Coompta & Dharwar	324	151,725	51,829
Westerns-Northerns	201	112,278	37,736
Cocoanada	....	939	85
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	....	14,953	1,413
Total	2,320	2,143,816	1,753,170
Arrived by road to 7th August 1941	.....	361,133	339,387

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, August 16

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:

September From Bond Rs 12-0-0

Shipment June Rs. 9-12-0 F B H

Shipment September Rs. 9-4-0 F B H

Indian sugars ready :—

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-12-0 to 15-4-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 15-5-0 to 16-12-0

Tone: Easier.

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay, August 15

1200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd 38 bags iraman gum gujar Ebrahim Mauji and Co 6 bags ivory unmanufactured E Moledina and Sons; 65 bales cotton yarn Bombay Import and Export Agency; 8 cases cotton cold and white pcegoods 17 bales cotton tea towels S R Pusalkar and Co; 500 bales cotton raw Toyo Menka Kaisha Ltd; 100 bags Indian apricots Ebrahim Mauji and Co; 180 bags fishmaws and sharkfins E Moledina and Sons; 20 bales cotton pcegoods Tulsidas Khimji; 126 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 42 bundles fish maws Sherali Mahomed; 38 bags sharkfins R Dhanjee and Co; 37 bags fish maws R Dhanjee and Co; 30 bales cotton grey yarn Keshavji Virji and Co; 21 bales cotton pcegoods Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 46 bales cotton pcegoods W A Beardsell and Co.

IMPORTS

991 pkgs paint; 40 cts fruit juice; 30 coils galvd s w rope; 43 cases welding electrodes; 400 tins glue; 59 cases ammonia; 50 cases beer; 120 cases rum; 349 cases whisky; 34 cases hydrogen peroxide; 70 bxs Carbolic soap; 38 drums disft fluid; 237 cts cordials; 50 cases metal polish; 80 ctns water purifiers; 250 cases stout; 39 pkgs asbestos packing; 40 bags composition; 144 cases cigarettes and tobacco; 200 cases ruberoid mash; 40 cases crown corks; 545 rolls roofing felts; 59 cases camera; 40 cts glassware; 111 pkgs machinery and parts; 68 cases dry colours; 217 cases medicines; 318 coils bare copper wire; 78 cases calcium lactate; 80 cases lager; 83 cases wines; 60 cases confectionery; 50 cases brandy; 47 drums printing ink; 30 cases liver salts; 30 cts waxed wrapping paper; 57 cts soda bicarbonate; 63 cases nets cotton; 55 cases essences; 56 cts foam making compound; 50 cases empty glass bottles; 57 cts aluminia sulphate; 143 rolls brown wrapping paper

Enhance Rate Of Indian Ships' Depreciation

KARACHI, Aug. 17.

A plea to enhance the rate of depreciation for ships in India for the period of the war is made by the Buyers and Shippers Chamber in the course of a communication, addressed by them to the Central Board of Revenue, on the subject of "Indian Income-tax rules—depreciation allowances."

The Chamber suggests that the consolidated rate of depreciation for Indian ships should be from 5 per cent to 7-1/2 per cent during the period of war.—A. P.

FALL IN SIND RICE CROP.

KARACHI, Aug. 17.

On account of premature fall in the level of river Indus, the rice crop in Sind has sustained an appreciable damage. The Revenue Commissioner, it is announced, has ordered extensive remissions to the cultivators in the non-barrage area.—A. P.

ON THE AIR

MONDAY, AUGUST 18.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m Dilip Chandra Vedi. 5-25 Masud Ali Khan. 5-55 Bhajan Lal: Geets. 5-45 Gulab Bai. 6-15 Ashiq Husain. 6-30 Zohra Nazneen. 6-50 Furia on Sitar 7 Bhajan Lal Geets. 7-15 India as I Saw It, 5: Talk in Hindustani. 7-30 Dilip Chandra Vedi. 7.45 For Villagers only. 8-30 Talk relayed from the B B C. 8-45 Mashuq Ali Khan. 9-45 It has happened or Nat Behag on Sitar 9-50 Gulab Bai. 10 Adana on Clarionet. 10-10 Dilip Chandra Vedi. 10-30 Zohra Nazneen.

Bombay I Programme

244 metres (1,230 kc/s)

7-30 a.m Lalit on Clarionet. 7-45 Recitations from Gujarati Poems. 7-50 Soni Bai. 8-5 News in Hindustani 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Budhan Bai. 8-40 News in Marathi. 8-50 News in Gujarati 9 A I R Trio: Gujri Todi. 9-10 Ratnamala Koushik. 9-20 Tuisidasji-Bhajan 12-30 p.m Dhyan Magna. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Instrumental selection. 1-10 Gujarati duets. 1-20 Mutual understanding 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music. 4-15 School Broadcast 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Soni Bai 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati 5-35 Marathi Kirtan 5-55 Instrumental music 6 News in English 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 Budhan Bai 6-24 Soni Bai. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani (Marathi) Programme for children. 7 Gujaratna Shilalekho. Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Songs from "Shadi." 7-55 Local news and announcements. 7-30 Ratnamala Koushik. 7.45 A I R Chorus Party 7 55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 News commentary. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Talk relayed from B B C. 8-45 At a Quarter to..... 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 Nisar Ahmad 10-15 Chhota Gandharv.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Bhavgeets. 8-15 Sarangi recital 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Master Ratnakant. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Jaltarang Solo. 5-35 to 6 as in Bombay 1. 6, G. G. Kharadkar 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Chhota Gandharv. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Ratanamala Koushik. 9-20 Amritlal. 9-30 Kathleen Shaw. 9-45 Rumba boys

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Bimal Kumar Chatterjee. 5-15 Nibha Guha. 5-30 Gopal Chandra Chatterjee 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Flute Solo. 6-5 For rural areas. 7 Replies to listeners' letters. 7-20 Kajri song. 7-30 Amar Sannyas 8 Sindure Megh. 8-20 Indubala. 9 Florence Bunten. 9-55 Helena Peterkin. 10-10 Under the Spreading Chestnut Tree.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Edu. broadcast for children (Tamil). 4-30 Tea time music. 5 Shrimati B. K. Ranganayaki 5-45 Jantra Sammelanam. 6-5 A. Narayana Iyer. 6-30 Shrimati B. K. Ranganayaki. 7 The little autocrat. 7-20 T. R. Rajakumari. 7-15 Commercial news. 7-50 As in Trichinopoly. 9 The Fabric of Defence. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 A. Narayana Iyer

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Uppillappan Koil A. P. Chinnatambi Pillai. 5-45 Learn to sing. 6-5 Shrimati T. A. Sundarambal. 6-30 For villages. 7 Juthika Roy. 7-50 Concert programme. 9-55 Listening post.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

LONDON, August 16.

In the money market, 75 million sterling treasury bills offered fully alloted at an average rate of one pound 0.31 pence per cent which fractional movement is in market's favour.

Applications decreased from 159 to 152 million and discount houses received 34 per cent of their requirements compared with last week.

Large-scale final subscriptions on the issue of national war-bonds are responsible for some shortness of credit supplies in the past week which were closed easier.

Banks are asked to provide 15 million sterling against treasury deposit receipts next week.

Wall Street opened extremely dull and narrow.—Reuter.

End Your FOOT Troubles by Regularly Using ZAM-BUK

Every Night Rub In ZAM-BUK.

FOR cracked, blistered or painful feet and swollen ankles there is nothing to equal Zam-Buk. All you have to do is bathe your feet every night in warm water, then, after drying them thoroughly, gently massage Zam-Buk into your ankles, insteps, soles and between the toes. The refined herbal oils in Zam-Buk are easily absorbed into the skin. Thus pain, swelling and inflammation are quickly relieved. Corns are softened and easily removed; blisters, soreness and cracks are quickly soothed and healed and you can get about in comfort again. Zam-Buk is also unequalled for skin troubles and injuries.

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Zam-Buk Ointment Rs. 1 or Rs. 2-4. Zam-Buk Soap in small or large tablets. Zam-Buk Powder in sprinkler tins.

Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT

Agents:—Messrs. KEMP & CO., BOMBA

HEADACHE? stop it in 10 minutes with Saridon

TRY THE NEW DIFFERENT

Listerine Tooth Paste-

THE DENTAL DISCOVERY OF THE CENTURY

Supercharged WITH LUSTER-FOAM

At last a dentifrice energized by saliva. Cleans, brightens, polishes—reaches decay-ridden "blind spots" missed by ordinary pastes and powders.

There has never been anything like the new Listerine Tooth Paste. Supercharged with the amazing new Luster-Foam detergent, the moment saliva touches it, it is generated into thousands of tiny bubbles of detergent energy. It penetrates into every tiny nook and crevice, reaches decay-ridden "blind spots" where from 70% to 90% of decay germs breed.

A master-cleansing, luster-giving dentifrice, safe and gentle. Economical too.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 18, 1941

Surface-Cooled Motors
M. H. DINSHAW & Co.,
105, Apollo Street, BOMBAY

DID RUSSIANS "HIDE" TANK AND PLANE DESIGNS?

Reported Surprise For The Germans

The "Manchester Guardian" Aeronautical Correspondent writes:—

According to German military spokesmen, events have shown that the Russians carefully concealed their developments in tank design before the war, for the machines they have been using are infinitely superior to the types which were seen by foreign observers in manoeuvres and displays before the present conflict. There is every reason to believe that a similar policy was carried out to mislead the Nazis when they were probing the secrets of the Russian air force. The number of Russian first-line aircraft was greatly under-estimated by the Germans, and the performance figures which were obtained led the investigators to suppose that Russia was considerably behind Germany in aircraft design. Fighters particularly were thought to be slow, and their maximum speed was alleged to be below 300 miles per hour. Most of the bombers were understood to have poor range.

During the last eight weeks such beliefs have been dispelled. Many Russian fighter squadrons are equipped with an extremely fast and nimble monoplane known as I-18. This is armed with eight machine-guns and powered with a thousand h.p. 12-cylinder engine which is the Russian version of the French Hispanosuiza liquid-cooled type. Another formidable Russian fighter is the Rata monoplane which is armed with cannon as well as machine-guns. A new low-wing monoplane fighter is promised by the Soviet air supply organisation. This is said to have a top speed of well over 400 m.p.h. and to have very heavy armament.

Russian air force bombers are of the two-engined type, and some of these are capable of operating from heights of over 40,000 feet, according to a statement made by Marshal Voroshilov. Such machines were probably employed in the night attacks on Berlin. It has been said that by the end of September weather conditions will slow down the struggle on the Russo-German front and that intense cold will check flying operations. During the winter the Russian air force is likely to have greater initiative and ability than the Luftwaffe, for Russians are masters at flying in dirty weather and extremely low temperatures. This is because of experience gained in the last few years in Arctic exploration flights and in operating regular air lines in the winter and ice patrol flights. Systematic investigations of ice conditions were part of the Russian air scheme which was later followed by the establishment of an air service to the fringe of the Arctic. The experience and data thus gained may well make all the difference to the Russians.

NAZI ACTIVITIES IN S. AMERICA

Hull's Statement In Press Conference

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.

Mr. Cordell Hull stated at a press conference to-day that he has frequently given warning of the danger facing the United States and other countries in the Western Hemisphere through an invasion aimed at some point in South America particularly the regions producing surplus raw materials.

Mr. Hull was replying to questions regarding growing reports of Nazi activities in South and Central America which reporters suggested might have been considered at the Churchill-Roosevelt Conference.

When asked what efforts were being made by the United States and other American republics to counter Nazi activity in this continent, Mr. Hull replied one "did not tip off his hand" (not disclose) to others who are doing their utmost to expand all over the world by force.—Reuter.

TWO SHIPS EVERY DAY FOR NEXT TWO YEARS

Admiral Land On U. S. Maritime Commission's Aim

RICHMONDS (California), Aug. 17.

"Two ships every day for the next two years," was given as the aim of the United States by Rear Admiral Land, Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission, speaking at the launching of the "Ocean Vanguard" on Saturday.

Admiral Land declared that the immediate goal of the United States Ship-building programme was 1,200 merchants ships by the end of 1943. Sir Arthur Salter, head of the British Merchant Shipping Mission, was present at the launching of this 416 foot vessel which is the first of the 60 freighters for Britain intended for completion within 14 months.—Reuter.

No Asian Raw Materials For Axis

Roosevelt's Emissary To Tour India, Burma & Malaya

MANILA, August 16.

Mr. Frank Grady has been appointed special economic investigator for President Roosevelt to make an economic survey of the whole of South East Asia, according to the "Manila Bulletin".

The paper adds Mr. Grady's survey will be designed to keep raw materials moving from the Orient to the democracies and out of the hands of the Axis powers.

Mr. Grady who is reported to be arriving at Manila on Tuesday by the clipper will work first in the Philippines and will later visit the Netherlands East Indies, Malaya, Burma, India and Hongkong.—Reuter.

U. S. CREDIT FOR URUGUAY

Finances For Rearmament Programme

MONTE VIDEO, August 17.

The United States have granted Uruguay a 17 million dollar credit for financing the country's rearmament programme, it is authoritatively learned.

Approximately, 50 per cent discount is being granted by the United States on Uruguay's purchases and thus the country will only be paying some eight million dollars. Payment to be effected in yearly part payments not exceeding one and a half million dollars.—Reuter.

KREMLIN MUST BEAR BURDEN

"If Japanese-Soviet Relations Worsen"

TOKYO, August 16.

"If Japanese-Soviet relations worsen, the Kremlin alone must bear the burden of responsibility", declares to-day's "Hochi Shimbun" commenting on reports that Britain, the United States and the Soviet have reached an understanding regarding distribution of war materials.

Even allowing for Soviet war difficulties it is extremely regrettable, if true, that Moscow has decided to pool war materials with anti-Axis Allies because Russia knows well that Japanese efforts to settle Chinese hostilities are being delayed by Anglo-American obstruction."—Reuter.

Workers Line Up With Anti-Nazi Front

SAN JOSE (Costa Rica): August 17.

A joint meeting of the anti-Nazi Front and Workers' Trade Unions here decided to unite and work together against Nazism.

Their first move was to offer full support to the President of the Republic in measures being taken against foreigners and known Nazi or Fascist supporters.

The new united front, includes nearly all the country's greatest intellectuals as well as thousands of workmen.—Reuter.

A youngster of twenty, wearing the pale blue Rugby cap, walked out to bat for the M. C. C. against the School. He was Sergeant Gunner L.G.H. Hingley, who the night previous was watching bombs dropping on Germany.

Photo shows—Sergeant Gunner L.G.H. Hingley chatting to his former headmaster at Rugby school.

U. S. Missionary Strangled To Death?

Allegations Against Japanese Authorities

SHANGHAI, Aug. 17.

Private reports reaching here, so far without confirmation state that an American woman missionary belonging to the United States Presbyterian Mission in North Kiangsu province has been strangled to death.

No news to this effect has reached either the local office of the mission, the local military authorities or American Consular Officials.

The same private reports state that six or eight American missionaries of both sexes and about 250 Chinese patients have been driven out of an American mission hospital by the Japanese authorities.—Reuter.

Survivors Of Torpedoed British Tanker

PERNAMBUCO, August 16.

The Brazilian steamer "Cuyaba" which is due here tomorrow (Sunday) will land 15 survivors of the British Tanker "Horn Shell" which was torpedoed on July 26. They were picked up 300 miles west of Madeira.

The "Horn Shell" is a vessel of 8,000 tons registered at London and belongs to the Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Company.—Reuter.

No Handicap To Production

Strike Bound Yards Of New Jersey Company To Be Taken Over

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.

The United States Government will probably take over the strike bound yards of the Federal Shipbuilding Dry Dock Company at Kearney (New Jersey) within 48 hours, according to the prediction of a High Defence Official.

About 493 million dollars worth of naval and merchantship construction has been delayed ten days owing to the strike.—Reuter.

Mysore Purchase In Britain

LONDON, August 16.

The Mysore Trade Commissioner in London has negotiated the purchase in England of additional plants for the Bhadravati Iron works to cost approximately 150,000 sterling and to include electrical furnaces, cranes and rolling mill equipment.

The purpose of the purchase is to increase the output of steel for armament purposes.

The orders are therefore on the war priority basis.—Reuter

Naval Actions In Mediterranean

BRITISH CONVOY BEATS OFF 27-HOUR ATTACK

By Lt.-Commander THOMAS WOODROFFE (In a Recent B.B.C. Talk)

There was a naval victory the other day when an important convoy was shepherded safely through the Central Mediterranean. It was a victory because we on our side carried out our object, which was to get this convoy through intact, in spite of all the efforts by the enemy to prevent it. We had our losses, a valuable destroyer and six aircraft. But we must expect losses in war.

Now if you look at a map of the Mediterranean you will realise the difficulty of this operation. A boat steaming from West to East finds the sea narrowing. First of all away to port the island of Sardinia stretches down, and Sardinia is full of enemy aerodromes. Then you get to the Sicilian channel, a narrow funnel between Tunisia and the enemy territory of Sicily. Almost bang in the middle of the Channel is a small Italian island called Pantellaria which could be used by the enemy as a base either for E-boats or aircraft.

THE ENEMY ATTACK.

The advantages were all on the other side, and we were sailing in enemy waters, and these could be patrolled by shore-based aircraft which could get back to refuel and rearm at their own aerodromes. Our boats had almost no hopes of slipping through unnoticed and when it was decided that this convoy had to go through Admiral Sir James Comerville knew that he would have to fight his way through, and so did everyone else in his escorting force and in the convoy of merchant ships.

Our ships' companies were at action stations for 60 hours. And that means that no one had much more than an uneasy nap throughout that time or anything more than a snatched meal. Men had to be ready in stuffy turrets, which can be stuffy in the Mediterranean in summer. In the gunhouse it is not so bad. You sometimes poke your head out of the rear door for a breath of fresh air.

But it is worse far down below in the magazines and shell rooms, where the crews work by electric light and where they cannot see anything of what is going on above. All they have got to do is to supply the guns and keep on supplying them when the show starts. And when it does start they are pleased for the relief from the boredom of waiting.

The enemy attack lasted almost without a pause for 27 hours. Dive-bombers, high-level bombers, torpedo-bombers, submarines and E-boats all attacked relentlessly. But, it is significant that not a single surface craft bigger than a small motor boat tried to interfere.

STAYED AWAY..

The whole Italian fleet—all what is left of it—was somewhere in harbour while our ships stubbornly forced their way through. The Italian fleet could have brought a far stronger weight of metal against us than we had as protection to the convoy, and yet their battleships, cruisers and destroyers stayed away in harbour while they let aircraft, motor boats and dive-bombers try and do the job that they should have been doing.

There must have been sailors in their fleet who wondered why they were allowed to go on lazing in the sun while obviously things were happening out at sea—and as they had been told so often, their own sea.

Finally, the convoy got through with only one of its ships damaged while the main strength of the Italian navy lay in harbours not very many miles away.

USE OF E-BOATS

We talk about U-Boats and E-boats. The E-boats is our own name for it, the E standing for enemy. The Italians have various types of them, some of 60 tons with four torpedo-tubes, which can operate at a distance from their bases. They have got other faster but smaller boats which cannot go very far from home.

The E-boat is really a small fast torpedo-boat which is very manoeuvrable, and its function is to nip in under cover of darkness, let fly its torpedoes and get away as quickly as it can. The Italians have always been interested in these craft, perhaps because the Mediterranean and the Adriatic are ideal for their operations, or because the Italian is at his best in a small craft. In the last war the only Italian naval exploit that is remembered was the successful attack on an Australian battleship by one of these small boats.

SUICIDAL ATTEMPT

Recently a swarm of these "mosquitoes" carried out a suicidal attack on the ground harbour at Valletta. It failed, as it was bound to do, against the strong Maltese defences. There have been attacks on Valetta before in its long history, and the descendants of the men who beat back the Turks after months of bloody fighting were manning the guns that beat back these Italian craft in the light of dawn the other day.

They were men of the Royal Malta Artillery, and they have proved themselves in this war by standing up to almost continuous bombing for over a year. Against the Turks their fathers fought with primitive cannon, some time with stones. But in this fight their guns were the latest and the most deadly weapons of modern science. They fought with these with the same bravery and skill as their fore-fathers did with their ancient culverins.

The few E-boats that tried to lead the way were quickly finished off by our fighters while the citizens of Valetta crowded its high terraces and cheered. Not a single one of those that actually made the attack returned to give an account of what had happened.

"GIGANTIC AIRCRAFT-CARRIER"

The grand harbour at Valetta is one of the finest in the world and the most beautiful. It is deep and can accommodate the largest ships, and in the creeks set in the hills that surround it, it has dry docks, wharves and workshops.

As the Italian broadcaster said the other day Malta is a gigantic aircraft-carrier moored at the foot of Italy, and after a year of war the little island fortress stands ready for whatever shocks may be in store for it. For 150 years of its history, the fortunes of the island have been bound up with those of the British Mediterranean Fleet. This happy partnership will continue for many years to come.

"SAVIOURS & FRIENDS"

BEIRUT, August 16.

The friendly relations between Britain and the people of Lebanon were the subject of a speech to-day by Mr. Abbas Kaid Bey a member of one of the leading Druze families, at a function held in honour of the Australian forces in Syria and Lebanon.

Lieut.-General J. D. Laverack Commanding under General Wilson the Allied forces in Syria, and officers of his staff were the guests of honour and many prominent Arabs were present.

The Arab speakers welcomed the representatives of "those who hold high the torch of freedom and goodwill in a corrupted world" and paid a tribute to the Allied forces, who "came to this country as saviours and friends" —Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE THE YELLOW BEETLE

D-DON'T COME ANY CLOSER!
I'LL SHOOT IF ANYONE MOVES!
YOU WON'T GET A CHANCE, SISTER!
DON'T, I--- HE-HE'S BEEN SHOT!
NICE SHOOTING, JIM!
COME ON! GET TH' BLIGHTERS!
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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.